OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 25. NO. 36 — PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1909 — PAGES 1 TO 8

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

Merchandise of Integrity

Smithfield Dye and Finish — Guaranteed "SQUAREDEAL" Hosiery — Six Pairs Guaranteed Six Months

WOMENS Six Pairs for $1.50

MISSES Six 5 to 8 $1.50 Six 8 to 9 $1.75

La Vogue

COATS SUITS

What to wear This Fall

The peerless La Vogue will solve that vexing question for any woman maid or child that want to dress well, in correct style, at moderate cost. They are specially cut to fit with ease and grace, conforming to the refined natural line of the typical American figure.

Made in novel weaves and frshionable colors. All fabrics used by us are products of the world'sbest mills. Faultless workmanship; shields in all suits; linings piped and protected at neck and under collar; buttons re-enforced by small pearl buttons inside, in sure you satisfactory wear and enduring shapeliness.

Fall and Winter Suitings in the latest Dress Goods

Flannelette Night Gowns -:- New Fall Shirt Waists

New line of Sheppard Plaids in all colors and designs

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

WILL OPEN THE ANGELES

Messrs. Saxton and Owen will reopen the Hotel Angeles next Tueday under their own management. The property has recently been put in first class condition for the accommodation of the public and Messrs. Saxton and Owen will spare no pains to please the public. Rates will be the same as those charged by the leading hotels of the city.

KIRSCHBERG CLOTHING CO.

The Home of good Goods

3505 Rev. 1

Insure Your Sox

Are your sox *insured?* Wear "Holeproof" Sox. They are *insured.*

The "Holeproof" *guarantee* is—

Buy six pairs of "Holeproof" Sox for $1.50, and if any of or all of them come to holes or need darning in six months, we will replace them FREE of charge.

Holeproof Sox

are made in medium, light and extra light weights (for midsummer wear)—sizes 9½ to 12—in black, light and dark tan, pearl gray and navy blue—all fast colors. "Holeproof" Sox do not "crock," "rust" nor fade. They do not shrink nor stretch. Wear them once and you will never wear any other kind.

Reg. U.S. Pat. Office, 1906

Come see our stock. And remember "Holeproof" Sox are guaranteed to wear six months or you get new Sox FREE.

Men's Holeproof Sox- 6 pairs for $1.50

Women's Holeproof Sox 6 pairs for $2.00

KIRSCBERG CLOTHING CO.

The Home of good Goods

NEW ENGLAND DAY

A model of the old Mayflower has been built on Lake Union as a feature of the New England Day celebration at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, September 11. Bearing a crew of 102 "Pilgrims," who will represent the different people who made up the party of the original Mayflower, the ship will land its passengers on a model of Plymouth Rock, located at the foot of Pay Streak of the Exposition. The party will be dressed in old Pilgrim costumes and will present a quaint appearance as they land from their ship. They will be met by a party of Indians who will be secured from one of the attractions on Pay Streak for the occasion, and a pow-wow will ensue, which will end in the smoking of the pipe of peace. Then the party will march through the grounds to the Puritan Inn on the Exposition grounds, where they will be served with an old New England dinner. The bill of fare will include the well known Boston baked beans and brown bread.

A letter has been received by the Seattle New England Day committee from Governor Quimby of New Hampshire, in which he states that he has delegated Mr. Goodell to represent him. Among the distinguished visitors who will speak at the afternoon exercises in the auditorium is Ex-Governor Rollins of New Hamshire, the father of "Old Home Week."

The Port Angeles public schools opened Tuesday with an enrollment of about 425. The attendance was not so large as it will be later on, as the school census, taken in May, shows 688 persons of school age in the city, but the school-going population is not quite that large. The schools have an able corps of instructors and it is confidently predicted that the coming school year will be a profitable one.

The Rebekahs had their annual outing in the shape of a picnic at the Civic park on Saturday last. Those present enjoyed it to the utmost and those who were unable to be present missed a truly delightful time.

W. E. BURNSIDE SHOT BY HIS OWN HAND

Apparently No Cause for Premeditated Action. Funeral at Opera House This Afternoon.

Deputy Treasurer W. E. Burnside was found dead, in the inner office of the county treasurer's office Wednesday morning by Deputy Frank Thompson, with a bullet hole through his head. The deed was evidently self-destruction and was committed some time the night before. No report was heard and no knowledge of the tragedy was had until Mr. Thompson entered the inner office to hang up his coat and hat, and then the ghastly sight was before him. Mr. Burnside was sitting on a small table in the room and had fallen back into the corner and had bled profusely. Beside him were the mute evidences of the tragedy, a new Hopkins & Allen 32 cal. revolver, a fresh box of cartridges, the box the gun was purchased in and one shell spent in the gun. The shot was fired by the left hand with the muzzle pointed up into the head at the top of the neck back; the course of the bullet was up and to the right, passing out at the right side of the head. The cause of the deed is not known at this writing.

Mr. Doty had been in the treasurer's office previous to Mr. Thompson's arrival, but as he did not enter the inner office, he noticed nothing amiss, did his routine work and left. At 8 o'clock Mr. Thompson entered with Mr. Doty and the discovery was made by the former. Sheriff Cosser and Justice Fields were at once notified and later Coroner Willson, who was absent up sound, appeared on the scene. The jury viewed the body and it was removed to the parlors of Wilson & Fulmer.

The jury then took the oath and heard the evidence of sworn witnesses. Mr. Doty testified that on Monday night Mr. Burnside had told him that he was going away. "Are you going for good?" "Yes, for good!" "Where are you going?" "Oh don't ask me!" Mr. Doty entered the treasurer's office Tuesday night about 5 o'clock and found Mr. B. there alone. The latter explained that he had some work to do and if Doty would do his work he could get to work himself. "Clean out my corner here first," he said, "so I can get to work." He didn't do any work, however, while Mr. Doty was in the office. At 5:15, just as he was leaving the court house, he looked in at the treasurer's office at the window and saw that the vault door was open, and took it that Mr. B. was still there. He did not see him at that time. He believed that he was the last man to see Mr. Burnside alive.

Mr. E. D. Short of the R. D. Willson Hardware Co., testified that just before 5 o'clock Tuesday, Mr. B. came into the store and wanted to buy a 22 revolver. Mr. Short said to him, "If you should shoot a man with a 22 and he should find it out he might lick you." "I don't want it for a man, I want to shoot a dog." The 32 was shown him and purchased. Mr. Short at the time did not notice anything wrong, but subsequent events called to mind that he was not just as jolly as usual. Mr. Thompson testified that he had arrived at the usual hour and finding things as usual proceeded to hang up his coat and hat. As he entered the inner office, he was confronted by the ghastly spectacle and immediately called to Mr. Doty and summoned the sheriff and coroner. Questioned as to Mr. B.'s doings the previous day, he said that Mr. Burnside had said that he was going away but that the had taken it as one of his jokes. "I helped him compare some deeds that he had prepared during the day. I did not know who they were made to as we compared only the descriptions. I now understand, of course, that they were for the disposition of his own property. He left the office sometime in the afternoon, returning just before 5, and stated that he had to appear before the council that evening, and as his foot bothered him he would stay at the office. He had some work to do there anyway, and to Mr. Pringle he said, to tell his mother he would not be home to supper.

Mr. Pringle testified that upon opening his desk he found a letter addressed to him containing, he presumed, the deeds mentioned. He had not examined them. He also had a letter from Mr. B. of a private nature, part of which he disclosed with the statement that he could show all if necessary. In this letter Mr. B. directed that of the insurance money $500 should be sent to Mrs. Potts, Sacramento, California, for the benefit of his mother, the rest of the $2,000 to go to his estate. In a suplementary note he advised Mr. Pringle of some money for his former wife. The letter was typewritten and signed by Mr. B. It was a formal letter and ended by saying, "I think you will find everything in the office all right and trust that you will."

County Commissioner Bugge stated that the Board was in session late and while he awaited Auditor Hawkins he stepped into the Treasuer's office and exchanged greetings. "So Lauridsen and Govan have gone to Olympia," he seemingly sarcastically remarked. "Yes." "What are they going to do and ask for before the State Board of Equalizers?" "On, I don't know their plans." "Do they know what they are going to do themselves?" Mr. Bugge thought Mr. B. somewhat peculiar and so left him with a "Good-bye, Burney." Mr. B. has usually been asked to go to Olympia on this business, and while this year he did not seem to care whether he went, he seemed some chagrined that he was not asked to go.

The jury then met and found that the deceased had come to his death from a gunshot wound, self-inflicted, and premeditated.

Mr. Burnside was a prominent figure in Clallam politics and has held office in one capacity or another for the past fifteen years. He was deputy for awhile under Sheriff Morse, continuing in the position for four years under Sheriff Dyke. When Dyke went into the treasurer's office in 1898, Burnside went as deputy and he has been associated with that office since, serving himself as principal in 1902-6. He has been in every political battle in which the county figured during this time and in most instances was the master mind which made the program followed. He was a politician and an organizer and generally had things coming his way. Whatever else may be said of Burney, it must be recorded that he was an efficient officer, more so, probably, in the past than of late. He had many good traits, and might well be called his own greatest enemy. He was always obliging in the extreme, tho sometimes from a selfish point of view. He was always a republican, and always a regular, as he figured the insurgent was out of the race when he broke with the powers that be. He believed that office holding was a business and that a good man should be retained as long as he did his work well.

Deceased leaves a wife resident of this city, and a mother in California.

The funeral services will be held from the opera house today at one o'clock and will be under the direction of the orders of Elks, Workmen and Eagles, of which organizations he was a member.

W. E. White of Newberg, Ore., who spent the week here in a diligent but fruitless search for his father, Nathan White, left Tuesday for Port Townsend and Seattle, overwhelmed with grief and discouraged but determined to continue the search for his father. Mr. Wright also left on Tuesday, having found no trace of his lost father-in law.

There was a slight mistake in the papers last week in the description of the old gentleman who is lost. He wore a brown derby hat and full beard cut rather short.

Before leaving Angeles, Mr. White stated that he would forward from Seattle to Sheriff Cosser some printing for posting, and that the offer of a reward of $100 for information that will lead to the whereabouts of his father still remains good. Mr. White also said that he found the people of Port Angeles very sympathetic and kind to one in trouble, and that he shall never forget the many kindnesses shown him while here.

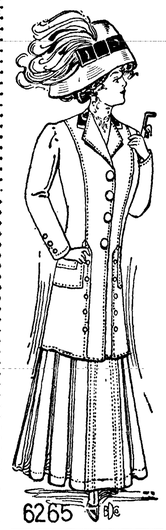
Wanted, 600 acres of land near Port Angeles, east of city preferred. Cash if price is right. Address care Olympic-Leader.

...THE...

Leader Department STORE

Autumn Ideas

We are now showing the latest "Autumn Ideas" throughout our Store. One of our "Ideas" is that quality shall always be the best. Another "Idea" we have is that no customer shall leave our store with a garment that is not properly fitted. That we shall not overcharge, but give a fair price to those who give us their confidence, is, also, one of our "Ideas." We shall be pleased to show you our latest "Autumn Ideas" in merchandise.



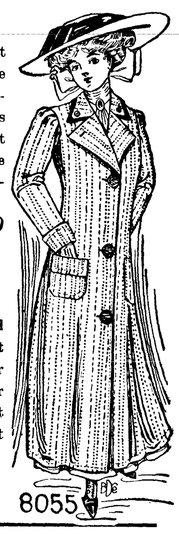
SUITS

We are prepared to meet your wants, we have the right color, the fashionable style, the perfect cuts and above all the right price. Those who have bought from us are satisfied. Our Prices range *$32 down to $12.50*

COATS

For Children, Misses and Ladies. It is time to get your choice while our stock is complete and our prices are low. We bought early to get the benefit from the manufacturer.

Our Prices range from *$2.50 up to $25*



Bear Skin Coats for Little Children

In White, Tan, Grey, Red .....for $2.25.....

Caracul Coats in Brown .....for $5.00.....

Caracul Coats in Green .....for $4.00.....

Boys' Blouses

Made of material that will last, you should buy ours. They are priced 25c & 50c

Boys' Sweater Coats.....85c

Boys' Bear Skin Stockings .....for 15c.....

Know about it?

Rubber Foot-wear Direct from Factory This Season's make

Woman's Rubbers 65c to 75c -:- Misses Rubbers 65c

Children Rubbers 45c

UMBRELLAS

Now on sale for Children, Ladies and Men at prices according to quality

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.25, $1.50, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00

THE LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

A party of congressmen has arrived at Honolulu.

Telegraphers on the Coast plan a celebration for September 25, the natal day of Prof. Samuel Morse.

A navy board has been appointed to seek a target range site on the Pacific Coast, and Seattle has made a bid.

It is announced that President Taft may appoint former Vice-President Faribanks to succeed Whitelaw Reid as ambassador to Great Britain.

It is reported that a $10,000,000 company will be formed to operate freight boats down the Mississippi from St. Louis to New Orleans.

According to the official forecast made by the Japanese agricultural experts, the rice crop this year will be 17 per cent. above the average of former seasons.

Grain exporters say that a record foreign business could be done if railroads operating between Buffalo and New York would make a 4½ cents a bushel rate.

Russia has dropped out definitely from competition for a share in the Hankow $30,000,000 loan; other disputed questions are under negotiation.

The Canadian government has followed ex-President Roosevelt's suggestion by appointing a commission for the conservation of natural resources.

The miners' strike that has been going on at Pittsburg for the last month and that has thrown 16,000 men out of work, has been settled in favor of the strikers.

An application has been made to the Cuban government by Jacinto Alla, an Argentine engineer, for permission to raise the battleship Maine, which lies in Havana harbor.

Last Wednesday night, September 1, between 8:42 and 9 o'clock, the planet Mars was totally eclipsed by the moon. The eclipse could be seen from all parts of the country.

Incomplete returns from the 'longshoremen's unions around the Great Lakes show a majority of about 1,600 votes in favor of moving the 'longshoremen's international headquarters from Detroit to Buffalo.

With a capital of $1,000,000, of which 15 per cent. is owned by the Mexican government and the remainder by E. H. Harriman and associates of the Wells Fargo Company, the Mexican Express Company has commenced business in Mexico.

Application of the new rule of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies making cipher messages payable at the rate of five letters to a word instead of ten letters, as has heretofore been the rule, which was scheduled to go into effect last week, has been postponed to December 1.

The announcement of the engagement of John P. Scripps of San Diego, Cal., and Miss Edith McRae of Detroit has been made public. The wedding is set to take place at the home of the bride September 8. The fathers of both are the publishers of the Scripps-McRae league of papers.

Log Prices Go Up October 1

Seattle, Wash., September 4.—October 1 the price of logs on Puget Sound will be advanced by the loggers $1 per thousand on No. 1 and No. 2 stock and 50 cents per tousand on inferior grades. No official announcement of the raise has been made, but lumber mills here and at other points on the Sound have been privately advised of the proposed increase.

Lumber mills here have decided to advance the cost of rough dimension lumber $1 per thousand October 1. This grade of lumber—the cheapest made—is now quoted at $11 per thousand in the yards. October 1 the price will be $12 per thousand feet.

Corporation Glad to Pay Up

Olympia, Sept. 4.—Corporations which neglected to pay their annual tax and were stricken from the records by S. M. Howell, secretary of state, are beginning to take advantage of the law passed at the special session of the legislature and are paying the back tax, the penalties and the fine of $25 in order to save their names and to continue in business. If a corporation does not get reinstated any other corporation may use its name after six months. In all 25,000 corporations were dropped from the records and it is believed that more than 10,000 of these will take advantage of the new law.

Frost President of Tax Commission

Olympia, Sept. 4.—At a meeting of the state board of tax commissioners, J. E. Frost, of Ellensburg, was elected president, a position heretofore held by T. D. Rockwell, of Spokane. J. E. Koors is secretary.

Washington State News

The Spokane Aero Club has offered $100,000 for next year's international races.

Leigh R. Freeman, newspaper man, has announced his candidacy for the U. S. senate.

It is stated that special agents will tour the state and arrest autoists who have not secured licenses.

The stork broke all records in Tacoma last month, there being 144 births. The highest previous record for one month was that of July, when 120 children were born.

An Olympia dispatch says that Ortis Hamilton may escape trial, the point being raised that the criminal code passed at the last legislature has repealed the old laws.

The trial of former Adjutant-General Hamilton has been set for September 20 on the charge of embezzlement. On the charge of misappropriating funds the trial is set for September 23.

Acting under the new law, State Auditor Clausen has appointed S. P. Jamison assistant auditor. Clerk E. F. Jones is promoted to the position of deputy auditor, and J. H. Yates has been engaged as clerk.

The Spokane business men are planning a dinner for President Taft when he arrives there that will become more famous than the "possum dinner" of the South. The big, red apple will be the feature.

In response to an inquiry by county authorities at Everett, Attorney General Bell has ruled that a female is legally qualified and eligible to hold the position of deputy county auditor in this state.

Gov. M. E. Hay, at the request of P. C. Knox, secretary of state, will recommend some person to act as delegate at the International Institute of Agriculture, which opens its sessions at Rome, December 12, 1909. The delegate must pay his own expenses.

Graduates from the state schools who received either elementary, secondary or other certificates to teach must pay the $1 provided for in the new code before they can get their cetrificates. Such was the opinion given by the attorney general to the state superintendent of schools recently.

RAILROAD COMMISSION REGULATES CROSSINGS

Olympia, Sept. 4.—In an opinion by Attorney General Bell to the railroad commission he says:

"The commission has authority to refuse or consent to grade crossing for interurban roads and steam railroads over and across streets in cities of the third class; but has no jurisdiction as to street railways or street crossings other than as above stated. The commission has no authority over crossings in cities forming their own charters."

This means that before railroads can enter the smaller cities the commission must consent to all street crossings.

Commission Asks More Exact Data

Olympia, Sept. 4.—Representatives of the engineering and disbursing departments of all the railroads operating in this state were before the state railway commission Thursday in a conference regarding a standard form of reports to be made by the roads to the commission covering new construction and betterments. In the past the roads have made reports giving little information beyond the total amounts of cash expended.

Seattle Market Report

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots, f. o. b. Seattle:

Eggs—Select ranch, 35c per doz.

Poultry—Live hens, 13@14½c per lb.; old roosters, 9c per lb.; spring broilers, 18c per lb.; ducks, 12c per lb.; geese, 9c per lb.; live turkeys, 20c per lb.; dressed turkeys, 23c per lb.

Potatoes—3-4@1c per lb.

Dressed veal—Small, 9 1-2@11c per lb.; large, 7@9c per lb.

Dressed pork—Small, 9@9 1-2c per lb.; large, 5@ 8 1-2c per lb.

Butter fat—36c per lb.

Ranch butter—20@21c.

Belgian hares—9c per lb.

Spring lambs, 9@10c.

Tacoma Quotations.

New wheat—Club, 88c; bluestem, 92c; red, 86c.

Poultry—Turkeys, live, 20c; dressed, 22c; spring chickens, dressed, 20c; hens, dressed, 18c; ducks, live, 11c; hens, live, 12c; spring chickens, live, 15c; geese, fresh dressed, 15c; squabs, live, $2.50@3 dozen; dressed, $3.50 dozen.

Butter—Washington, 35c; fresh Eastern, 30@31c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, candled, 34c@35c; Oregon, 30c; Eastern, 28c.

Oats—$41@43; rolled oats, $42@44.

Hay, alfalfa, etc.—Wheat hay, $15@16; timothy, $20@22; mixed, $16@18; wild, $13@15; clover, $16@17; timothy and clover, $18@20; alfalfa, $15@16; straw, $11@13.

Feed — Corn, $36@38; wheat, $36@37; barley, whole grain, $30@31; rolled, $32@33; shorts, $30.50@$31.50; bran, $27.50@28.50; middlings, $32@34; oil meal, $44.

DOUBLE DISCOVERY OF NORTH POLE

New York, Sept. 6.—Peary has reached the north pole. It has been doubly discovered. From the bleak coast of Labrador, Commander Peary today flashed the news that he had attained his goal in the far north, while at the same moment in Denmark Dr. Frederick A. Cook was being dined and lionized by royalty for the same achievement.

Yankee grit has conquered the frozen north, and there has been created a coincidence such as the world will never see again. Two Americans have planted the flag of their country in the land of ice which man has sought to penetrate for four centuries, and each, ignorant of the other's conquest, has sent within a period of five days a laconic message of success.

Here are the various messages received today announcing Peary's victory:

"Indian Harbor (via Cape Ray), Sept. 6.—The Associated Press, New York: Stars and Stripes nailed to north pole. PEARY."

"Indian Harbor (via Cape Ray, N. F), Sept. 6.—Herbert L. Bridgman, Brooklyn, N. Y.: Pole reached. Roosevelt safe. PEARY."

"Indian Harbor (via Cape Ray, N. F.) Sept. 6.—To the New York Times, New York: I reached the pole April 6. Expect arrive Chateau Bay Sept. 7. Secure control wire for me there, and arrange expedite transmission; big story. PEARY."

Cook in his first message to his countrymen was brief, but noncommittal. Peary was even briefer, but specific. "Stars and Stripes nailed to the pole," he said.

Five days ago, Sept. 1, Dr. Cook sent out from the Shetland Islands the first message of his success, a message that has aroused a storm of controversy around the world. Today Robert E. Peary, lost from view in the land of ice, and unheard from since August, 1908, startled the world by a similar message sent from Indian Harbor, Labrador. There was no qualification; it left no doubt.

With but a word from Peary, the world awaits for details, but none will be available until he arrives at Chateau Bay, Labrador.

Both the old and the new world were apprised of Peary's great achievement practically at the same moment, and the excitement which followed attests to the high pitch of interest aroused over this climax of man's perseverance.

It was comparatively a simple matter to determine that the April 6 referred to by Peary was April 6 of this year, as his expedition did not start from New York until July 7, 1908.

Found No Trace of Cook.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 6. — Commander Robert E. Peary, who announced today that he had discovered the north pole on April 6 of the present year, found no trace of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who reported that he had made the same discovery in April of the preceding year. This news reached here tonight through Capt. Robert Bartlett, of the Roosevelt. Peary's ship.

While Peary does not expressly repudiate Dr. Cook's contention in so many words, his statement may have an important bearing upon determining the extent of Dr. Cook's explorations.

The Roosevelt was in good condition and the crew all right, Capt. Bartlett wired, and he reported that the schooner Jeannie, carrying supplies for the expedition, had met them off the coast of Greenland.

Coming south, the Roosevelt passed Etah and Upernavik, where Dr. Cook had preceded Peary.

The Roosevelt tonight is bound for Chateau Bay, Labrador, with Peary and party on board, where she is due tomorrow. Chateau Bay lies northwest of Castle and Henley Islands, on the northern shore of Belle Isle straits and due east of Belle Isle.

Confirmed by Associate.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 6.—Dr. D. W. Abercrombie, principal of Worcester aacdemy, received the following dispatch at 3 o'clock this afternoon from D. B. McMillan, one of the scientists who accompanied Peary:

"Indian Harbor, N. F., Sept. 6.—Dr. D. W. Abercrombie, Worcester Academy, Worcester, Mass.: Top of the earth reached at last. Greetings to faculty and boys.

"D. B. M'MILLAN."

Freeport, Me., Sept. 6.—Confirmation of Peary's success was received here today in a telegram from D. B. McMillan, who accompanied Peary. The message, sent to McMillan's sister, Mrs. D. C. Fogg, follows:

"Indian Harbor, Sept. 6.—Mrs. W. C. Fogg, Freeport, Me.: Arrived safe. Pole on board Best year of my life.

"BEN."

Cook Says He Is Glad.

Copenhagen, Sept. 6.—Copenhagen was electrified tonight by the report of Commander Peary's announcement that he had reached the north pole. Dr. Cook was immensely interested and said:

"That is good news. I hope Peary did get to the pole. His observations and report on that region will confirm mine."

Copenhagen, Sept. 2.— The North Pole has been reached. Dr. Frederick A. Cook, an American, is the man who accomplished the feat and has won the glory of being the first human being to stand at the point where every direction is south. Cook reached the North Pole April 21, 1908, according to a telegram received by the Danish government from the inspector of Greenland. The dispatch was sent from Lorwick, Shetland Islands.

PREPARATIONS IN PROGRESS FOR WELCOME TO COOK

New York, September 4.—Preparations already are afoot to make the home-coming of Dr. Frederick A. Cook an event of national and possibly international importance. If plans outlined today by members of the Arctic Club are carried out, the welcome Dr. Cook will receive in New York will be an ovation in which city, state and nation will take part, while prominent explorers—Cook's former rivals—from all parts of the globe will gather to pay their personal tribute to his achievements.

Members of the Arctic Club hope President Taft may be present. "Such an honor would be no more than fitting," one declared, "in view of the fact that the explorer has placed the Stars and Stripes on the apex of the world and added perhaps sixty thousand square miles to the nation's territory."

Among the explorers who are expected to take a prominent part are the Duke d'Abruzzi, Dr. Nansen, Capt. Roald Amundsen, Gen. A. W. Greely, Rear Admiral George Melville, Anthony Fiala and Capt. Joseph E. Bernier.

Capt. Bradley S. Osborne, secretary of the Arctic Club, said the explorer is not expected here for several weeks.

"He is due in Copenhagen in three days," said Capt. Osborne, "and, if he came straight home, would arrive in New York about the middle of September, but his friends believe that he may make several stops on the way. For one thing, the geographers and scientists of Copenhagen will tender him a welcome. He may go to Christiania to meet Capt. Amundsen, discoverer of the Northwest passage; it is likely that he will visit Belgium, where he has been decorated for his services to science, and it is scarcely conceivable that the British geographical societies would allow him to pass them on his way home without an invitation to London."

FINAL DASH TO POLE TAKES SIXTY-TWO DAYS

Copenhagen, September 4.—Exactly two months and two days were consumed by Dr. Cook in his final dash for the pole.

The base of operations selected by the intrepid explorer was Annootox, on the Greenland shores, 700 miles from the boreal center. After a few scouting parties had been sent out, Cook was ready for the plunge into the icy unknown.

With eleven men and 103 dogs, drawing eleven sledges, Dr. Cook left Annootox on the morning of February 19, 1908, on the last leg of his remarkable journey. The course was westward over the broken ice of Smith Sound.

March 18, 1908, six Eskimos and four men returned to Annootox and three days later the remaining members of the party with the exception of Dr. Cook and Etukeshook and Aswelab, Eskimos, started for the base of supplies.

With his two Eskimo companions and 26 dogs, Cook set out March 22 to cover the 460 miles intervening between the party and the pole.

Observations taken April 8 showed the explorer to be at latitude 86 degrees 36 seconds, longitude 94 degrees 2 seconds.

At noon, April 21, 1908, Dr. Cook and his Eskimo companions reached the pole.

The return trip was commenced April 23, the two previous days having been spent in making observations.

After a severe journey lasting several months, Dr. Cook and his party reached Cape Sparbo, where they spent the winter of 1908-1909.

Annootox was reached on the return trip April 15, 1909.

Upernovik was reached May 21, 1909.

CREDENCE GIVEN COOK'S ACCOUNT BY SCIENTISTS

Copenhagen, September 4.—That Frederick A. Cook, the American explorer, reached the North Pole in his expedition which has just ended is given full credence here, although details are lacking of his intrepid dash across the ice.

A message was received at the Colonial office here Thursday, via Lerwick, Shetland islands, announcing that Dr. Cook had reached the pole April 21, 1908. This dispatch was sent by a Greenland official on board the Danish government steamer Hans Egede, which passed Lerwick at noon Thursday, en route from Denmark. It read:

"We have on board the American traveler, Dr. Cook, who reached the North Pole April 21, 1908. Dr. Cook arrived at Upernavik in May of 1909, from Cape York. The Eskimos of Cape York confirm Dr. Cook's story of his journey."

It is understood that the Danish consul at Lerwick, where the Hans Egede remained for two hours, was officially notified of Dr. Cook's success, but that he was bound to secrecy.

Director Ryberg, head of the Greenland administration bureau, said he did not expect to receive any further details of Dr. Cook's achievement before the arrival of the Hans Egede, which probably would be today.

Director Ryberg informed the minister, Dr. M. F. Egan, that Dr. Cook had reached the North Pole. The announcement caused the greatest enthusiasm, and many Americans called at the legation to congratulate the minister. Among these was Alexander Kouta, of New York, a warm personal friend of Dr. Cook, who said that he had believed the explorer had perished long ago. The legation was overcrowded with visitors.

The noted explorer, Commander Hovgaard, leader of various North Pole expeditions, was convinced that the message was true, but remarked that it was strange that no mention was made in the cable received here as to whether there is land at the pole.

BIG PRIZES OFFERED AT EXPOSITION LIVE STOCK SHOW

Seattle, Sept. 4.—Sixty thousand dollars in prizes, the greatest list of awards ever prepared in the West, will be presented to the winners in the A.-Y.-P. exposition livestock show, which will be held the last 10 days of this month.

Work has been started at the south end of the fair grounds on the three acres of buildings needed for the big show, which will bring the biggest attendance of the season from the country districts of the Northwest. More than 2,000 head of the finest stock in the world are entered in the horse and cattle branches. Sheep, swine and poultry will be equally well represented. Seattle will be the meeting point of all the livestock circuits, and exhibitors from the Canadian circuit will drop down here, those of the Middle West will come after the Minnesota State Fair, and the southern exhibitors will find Seattle ready for them at the end of the California shows.

In speaking of the show, W. L. Carlyle, superintendent of the livestock department, said: "In my twenty years' experience managing livestock shows, I have never seen a better prospect. The entries are large, representative and by breeders of world-wide fame. The old world has been ransacked for choice specimens especially for this show, and any breeder who wins a ribbon at the exposition has good reason to be proud. The friendly rivalry between the breeders of the East and West will add zest to the show and interest in the competition."

George Lane, of Calgary, Alberta, who is one of the most extensive farmers and breeders on the American continent, visited the fair recently to enter his choice breeds in all the Percheron classes. He has the distinction of being the owner of the largest herd of pure bred Percheron horses in America, numbering 500 head.

McCredie Still Has No Robe

Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 4.—When Judge W. W. McCredie of the superior court convened court, after his summer vacation, he did not appear in the black silk judicial robe, made compulsory by the last legislature. Judge McCredie has refused to buy a gown himself, but has asked the county commissioners to pay for it, and they have refused. The county attorney, James P. Stapleton, has said that he would advise the commisisoners not to pay for any such garment. The attorney general of the state has written an opinion to the judge, stating that the commissioners, he believes, should provide the gown.

Three Thousand New Census Clerks

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—The bureau of the census has announced that approximately 3,000 temporary clerks would be appointed in connection with the work of taking the thirteenth decennial census. The first examination will be held on October 3 next. Few appointments from this examination will be made before January 1, and not many will be made until April, 1910.

King Alfonso of Spain, who has been married three years and a little more, is the father of three children. The youngest, a daughter, was born on June 22, and has been named—after her grandmother—Beatriz, the Spanish form of the English Beatrice, and of the old Latin name Beatrix, meaning one who blesses. If the little girl lives up to her name her parents may well call themselves happy.

Steps have been taken to organize a union of the wireless telegraphers in the United States.

PROTEST BY ROSS

STATE LAND COMMISSIONER SAYS NATION ROBS THE STATE.

Establishment of Reserves Leaves No Lands of Value Which Can Be Taken In Lieu of Lands Lost By Settlement on School Sections.

Olympia, Sept. 4.—Land Commissioner E. W. Ross has made a vigorous protest to the secretary of the interior regarding the regulations of the federal department affecting certain lands which have been restored to entry in the North Yakima land district, Washington, part of the only territory which came to Uncle Sam by occupation and discovery, all the rest resulting from war or purchase, received, Mr. Ross points out, the poorest treatment of any new state. While, for instance, Texas received full title to all federal lands within her border when admitted, and Utah received for school purposes four sections in every township, Washington, by the enabling act passed congress, received but two sections in each township for schools, being sections 16 and 36, and it was provided this state should not receive these two if at the time surveys were approved actual settlers had located on such sections.

In lieu of the land lost to the state by such squatters congress by law directed this state should have lieu lands left. The federal domain in Washington now is practicaplly all in reserves. The enabling act gave the state of Washington sixty days' preference to file on newly-surveyed lands before ordinary homesteaders could file. In restoring thousands of acres of Yakima lands to entry recently, the interior department provided that such lands should be open to settlement thirty days prior to being opened to entry. In other words, for thirty days squatters may locate on these lands, and when the entry date arrives the state will be barred from securing title.

Mr. Ross declares that this is an absolute violation of law; that it means a clean theft by federal authorities of thousands of acres of lands belonging to the school children of this state, lands worth from $10 an acre up to many times that value. He has wired and written a protest to Washington, and hopes to be able to save to the common school funds of this tsate probably a million dollars if his demands receive attention.

SIXTY-TWO HOURS FROM CHICAGO TO SEATTLE

Chicago, Sept. 4.—From Chicago to the Pacific Coast at speed rivaling the fastest made by rushing flyers between Chicago and New York, trains to the West are to begin within a brief period a schedule that a few years ago would have been deemed impossible. The lopping of ten hours of running time to Seattle from Chicago will be one feature of the undertaking.

A speed war is impending between western roads that promises almost anything as a possibility. The challenger is James Hill, with defiance hurled at every road in the West and Northwest. In preparation he is planning carefully to intrench itself in territory where there is the sharpest competition.

With this in view, the Burlington, Great Northern and Northern Pacific have made a proposition to the postoffice department to put a new fast mail train in service between Chicago and Seattle to make the long journey in sixty-two hours.

Boundary Dispute Near Settlement

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—The boundary controversy between Peru and Bolivia seems near an amicable settlement. The state department has received a telegram from Minister Stutesman, of Lapaz, Bolivia, reporting that the Bolivian congress referred the whole matter to the executive department of Bolivia for treatment. This action is considered a hopeful sign of friendly adjustment by direct understanding of the two principals, Bolivia and Peru.

Speed Maniac Gets Severe Sentence

New York, Sept. 4.—One of the severest decrees ever pronounced by a court in an effort to discourage automobile scorching prohibits Felix L. Driot, a professional chauffeur and participant in the Vanderbilt cup race, from ever driving a car in New York state. Justice Soller, in the court of special sessions, suspended sentence in Driot's case, when he promised to regard these directions. Driot has been arrested several times for speeding.

Rushing Seattle-Everett Line

Everett, Wash., Sept. 4.—Double tracking on the route of the Seattle-Everett Interurban is progressing rapidly on those streets over which the line will run. The company is taking time by the forelock, as the streets on which they have franchises are being permanently improved and they will thus save much by laying track at the present time. Work along the right-of-way is progressing rapidly, several hundred men being engaged in clearing and road-building.

NEW IDEA IN OREGON

PROPOSED GREATLY TO INCREASE POWER OF EXECUTIVE.

Embodies Elements of City Commission Plan, Giving Chief Executive Practical Direction of All State Departments—Submit It to People in 1910.

Oregon City, Ore., Sept. 4.—A new form of state government, embodying elements of government by commission, of recall, of direct challenge by the people of new legislation, through the courts, of initiative and referendum, has been framed by W. S. U'Ren. With him are associated a number of prominent Oregon men, and the bill in which the above is embodied will come before the people for acceptance at the general election in 1910.

Under the provisions of this new bill, which is in the form of an amendment to the constitution of Oregon, the Governor and state auditor are the only elective officers in the state government.

The attorney-general, secretary of state, state treasurer, state printer, superintendent of public instruction, secretary of labor and state business manager are all to be appointed by the Governor, and they are to constitute his cabinet and hold office during his pleasure. The salaries of these officers are to be fixed by law, except that of the state printer, who is to receive $4,000 per annum. With the exception of the state business manager, they must have been citizens of Oregon for five years before their appointment.

Direct responsibility for practically every department of the state is placed upon the Governor. He has the power to appoint not only all of the other officers of the state, except the auditor, but he will name a sheriff and district attorney for each county, with power to suspend or remove any officer he appoints, and all local officers shall be subject to the recall by the people of their county or district.

Complete control of the organization and management of all state institutions, state business and public functions now wholly or partly governed or managed by 47 boards and commissions, is placed in the hands of the Governor. He may retain such boards and commissions as he desires as conuselors and advisers, but he shall be alone responsible to the people for results. No new boards or comimssions shall be created by law, unless the law shall first be approved by the people. Only the board of railroad commissioners is retained.

Proportional representation is a feature of the measure, and political lines are largely abolished.

The state business manager shall receive such salary as may be determined by the Governor, who shall also define the duties of that official, who shall so organize, consolidate, supervise, direct and manage the business departments and affairs of the state as to obtain the highest possible efficiency in the state's service and full value for the public money. All of his acts shall be subjected to the approval of the Governor, who is authorized to make such rules and regulations as may be expedient to obtain these results.

Sweeping changes are made in the election and prerogatives of the members of the legislature, which shall be composed of 30 senators and 60 representatives.

The power is reserved to the people under the initiative to propose legislative measures, resolutions, laws and amendments to the constitution and to enact or reject the same at the polls independent of the legislative assembly. Initiative measures enacted by the legislature shall be subject to the referendum or they may be referred by the legislative assembly to the people. The legislature may reject any initiative measure and propose a different one on the same subject, and in such event both measures shall be submitted to the people.

The presiding officers of the senate and house shall not be members of either body, but shall be chosen by their respetcive houses. They shall have no voice on legislative business and shall not appoint the standing committees. Members of the legislative assembly shall receive a salary of $350 per annum and the amount of necessary fares actually paid. The presiding officers shall receive $500 per annum. Ten dollars shall be deducted from the salary of any member for every time he fails to vote on a roll call, unles excused by a majority of all the members of his house.

The Governor and his cabinet shall have seats on the floor of both houses of the legislative assembly, and it shall be the duty of the Governor to introduce the appropriation bills, and he shall have the right to introduce any measure or resolution. He and his cabinet shall have the right to speak and move for administration appeals, and the Governor may appeal from the action of the legislative assembly to the people, through the referendum, and he is authorized to order a referendum in such cases.

NEW AND EASIER ROUTE UP MOUNT RAINIER

Tacoma, September 4.—A new route to the summit of Mount Rainier, and one that almost entirely eliminates, it is claimed, the danger element, has been discovered by a party consisting of Ben, Len and Lafe Longmire, William Stafford and William Sethe.

The route leads up a series of cleavers that stretch from the snow line on the southwest side to within a few feet of the summit. So far as known the mountain has been climbed but once before from this southwest side, and that was by P. B. Van Trump and William Bailey in the year 1880. They followed the identical route of the Longmire party until near the summit, when they switched to a cleaver that bears over towards the Puyallup glacier.

Many others have tried to find the route taken by Van Trump and Bailey without success.

Several years ago, when the Sierran, Appalachian, Rocky Mountain and Mazama mountain climbing clubs were encamped in Paradise valley, they sent a scouting party under Guide Sholes to find this path, but the party encountered an impassable barrier and was obliged to return.

The Longmires are enthusiastic over the route, and believe it will be the one generally followed by climbing parties hereafter. The footing, they declare, is much better than on snow fields, and there is no danger from crevasses or avalanches, such as are found on the route via Gibraltar rock. The only difficulty with the new route is that the climbers ascent Peak Success, which is not the highest peak of the mountain, and does not contain the crater. Nevertheless, it is a safe walk from the summit of Success to the summit of Crater Peak, and mountain guides at Longmire springs are disposed to believe that it is probably as safe a method as any to negotiate Crater Peak. In taking the new route, climbing parties will make Longmire Springs headquarters instead of Paradise.

JAPAN AND CHINA HAVE REACHED AN AGREEMENT

Peking, Sept. 4.—China and Japan have concluded their negotiations on the general Manchurian questions that have been in dispute for some time.

The two countries soon will sign an agreement under which China agrees not to construct the Hsinmintun-Fakumen railroad without consulting Japan; agrees that should the Kirin railroad be extended to the Korean border, half the capital required shall be borrowed from Japan; that Japan shall have the right to work the mines in the Fushun and Yental districts; that Japan shall construct the extension of the Yinkow railroad; that there shall be joint exploitation of the mines in the zone reached by the Manchurian and Antung-Mukden railroads; that China shall open four trade marts in the Chientao district between Korea and Manchuria, the Koreans living therein to be under the jurisdiction of Japan and those residing outside to be under the jurisdiction of China, except that Japan shall have the right to hold court in capital cases, and that Japan may move the station of the South Manchurian railroad to Mukden.

Japan agrees, first, to recognize Chinese sovereignty in the Chientao district; second, that the terminus of the Hsinmintun railroad be moved to FOUR—PATENTS
the city of Mukden, and third, the amount of the indemnities to be determined later.

During the negotiations Japan declined to discuss the question of the administration of the railroad zones, the area of foreign police rights within those zones, and the question of policing of the Antung-Mukden line.

PEARL HARBOR STATION TO BE DONE IN 32 MONTHS

Honolulu, Sept. 4.——The new naval station and drydock at Pearl Harbor will be completed and ready to turn over to the navy department within thirty-two months, according to Rear Admiral R. C. Hollyday, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, who is making an official inspection of the work. The excavations for the foundations of the great dry dock will be commenced this month.

Build Big Bend Line Soon

Spokane, Sept. 4.—Semi-official announcement is made that the Spokane & Columbia River Railroad Company is absolutely financed and that within a year the Big Bend line between Spokane and Republic, running by the way of Miles City, will be in full operation. It is said that there are 260 men at work in two crews, one of which is grading the line about two miles west of the power station of the Spokane & Inland Empire Railroad Company at Nine-mile bridge.

Seal Herds Rapidly Diminishing

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—The department of commerce and labor has received from its agent, R. A. Clark, a report that seal herds of Pribilof islands, Alaska, are being rapidly diminished by depredations of seal hunters. The department has communicated with the state department, asking its assistance in bringing the matter before certain governments, some of whose subjects are believed to be responsible for the illegal killing.

FARM DATA DESIRED

CENSUS DIRECTOR DURAND URGES FARMERS TO CO-OPERATE.

Agricultural Census Fully As Important as that of Population and Manufactures—Kind of Information Desired By Census Bureau.

Washington, D. C., September 4.—It will be suggested by U. S. Census Director Durand to the farmers all over the country that the work of securing accurate returns at the coming census of agriculture will be greatly facilitated if the farmers will keep or provide some sort of written record of their farm operations during the year 1909. This effort to secure the farmers' personal co-operation is but one of a number of ways and means chosen by Director Durand in the effort to secure an accurate, expeditious and economical census concerning population, agriculture, manufactures, mines and quarries, which are the subjects of inquiry defined in the census law.

Notwithstanding the value of the population returns for the political purpose of reapportioning representation in the congress of the United States and of the statistical information derived from an analysis of the population details, the census of agriculture, of all the subjects in the census law, is regarded as of the greatest importance.

The twelfth census reported a total fixed capital of $5,046,939,516.00 invested in manufactures. The corresponding total for agriculture was $20,514,001,838.00, or more than four times that of manufactures. A more conservative estimate, based upon a different standard of comparison, also used by the Census Bureau, places the investment in agriculture as more than twice that of manufactures.

In 1900 the census found 5,739,657 farms, an increase of 1,175,016 over the total for 1890. The 1890 figures were 555,734 higher than the number of farms counted in the 1880 census. Taking the increase between 1890 and 1900 and adding that number to the total reported for 1900, an estimated or approximate number of farms existing at the time of the thirteenth census may be ascertained; the process of calculating being that called "arithmetical progression," the method chosen by the majority of statisticians and also used by the Census Bureau.

Therefore the 1910 total should reach 5,914,673, or roughly, about 6,000,000 farms, which is the number estimated by Chief Statistician Powers. There were 10,433,188 males and females over 10 years of age June 1, 1900, engaged in agricultural pursuits. Prof. Powers believes the 1910 census will swell that number to the extent of several millions.

The magnitude of these figures makes it evident that the importance of the agricultural census hardly can be overestimated. Hence the solicitude of Census Director Durand and Chief Statistician Powers, in charge of the Census Division of Agriculture.

Director Durand believes that great good will be accomplished by getting into direct contact and co-operation with the farmers. Some of the instrumentalities which will be used by him and which promise practical results are the State Commissioners and State Boards of Agriculture, the State Agricultural Colleges, the Agricultural Experiment Stations, the Farmers' Institutes, the Farmers' Unions, the Patrons of Husbandry and the State Granges; in fact, all the existing organizations for the education and betterment of the farmers. Added to these will be the daily newspapers, the country press and the farmers' publications.

It is estimated that millions of farmers will be reached at their homes or at their mutual improvement metings by the contemplated method of circulating preparatory information.

Farm economists and scientists learned in agricultural problems, appointed as expert special agents for a brief term, are now in Wasington assisting Director Durand and his staff in the formulation of the agricultural schedule so that the questions to be asked by the enumerators shall be easily comprehended and so draw out the information ordered by Congress to be ascertained.

At the same time these practical steps are being taken by the Census Bureau, the farmers themselves will be called upon to help push the statistical plow over the country-wide field of farm data. They will be reminded that an accurate and practical census is the only one worth while.

In addition to the direct appeal to the farmers, Census Director Durand will inform them that the thirteenth United States census law requires that the agricultural census be taken at the same time, April 15, 1910, as the count of population. The questions about farm operations will relate to the present calendar year, 1909, but, on the other hand, the inquiries regarding farm equipment are directed toward the farmers' possessions of this kind on the day and date of the enumeration, April 15, 1910. The latter division of the inquiry really amounts to an inventory.

The necessity for some written or permanent record by the farmers themselves of farm operations is obvious and its value in furnishing data more reliable than guesswork is equally evident.

In order that the farmers may begin at once, Director Durand indicates as follows, what operations are to be recorded, although the schedule is still in incomplete shape:

"Each person in charge of a farm will be asked to state the acreage and value of his farm; that is, the acreage and value of the land kept and cultivated by him; also the area of land in his farm covered with woodland; and finally, that which is utilized for specified farm purposes.

"Each farmer will be asked to give the acreage, quantity produced and value of each crop, including grains, hay, vegetables, fruits, cotton, tobacco, etc., raised on the farm in the season of 1909.

"Each farmer will be asked to report the number and value of all domestic animals, poultry and swarms of bees on the farm April 15, 1910; also the number and value of young animals, such as calves, colts, lambs, pigs; and of young fowls, such as chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc., raised on the farm in 1909. He will be further asked to state the number and kind of animals sold during 1909 and the receipts from such sales, the number purchased and the amount paid therefor; and also the number slaughtered for food and the value of such animals.

"The law requires a report of the number of cows kept for dairy purposes in 1909, and the total estimated amount of milk produced on the farm; also the amount of butter and cheese sold and the amount received from such sale.

"In addition to the inquiry regarding animals, etc., on the farm April 15, 1910, as explained previously, the census will seek to ascertain the quantity and value of all eggs, honey and wax produced on the farm in 1909.

"Of the expenditures of the farm the census schedule will call for a statement of the amount paid farm labor; the amount paid for feed for livestock, and the amount expended for fertilizers in 1909.

"If the farm changes owners or tenants between the crop year 1909 and the date of enumeration, April 15, 1910, it is requested that the occupant of the farm in 1910 shall secure the above information relating to the farm for the preceding year 1909. The owner or tenant this year should leave his book record with his successor."

The census act provides that the information shall be used only for the statistical purposes for which it is supplied. "No publication shall be made by the Census Office whereby the data furnished by any particular establishment can be identified, nor shall the director of the census permit anyone other than the sworn employes of the Census Office to examine the individual reports."

Furthermore, the information reported on the agricultural schedule will not be used as a basis of taxation or communicated to any assessor.

The act also states the fines or terms of imprisonment or both in cases of violation of the secrecy imposed upon supervisors, enumerators, special agents or other employes. It provides a penalty for false answers or for refusal to answer.

Director Durand wants the farmers to keep books this year so that guess work and recollections will be eliminated as far as possible from the thirteenth census and the farmers' organizations are coming to the front with cheering offers of co-operation toward producing a practical, useful and believeable census of America's farm population, operations and wealth.

MILLIONS OF ACRES SUBJECT TO ENTRY

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—According to a statement issued by the secretary of the interior, almost 65,000,000 acres of land have been designated as subject to entry under the enlarged homestead act, providing under specified conditions for claims of 320 acres instead of 160 acres, as heretofore.

The lands thus designated are distributed as follows:

Colorado, 26,250,000 acres; Montana, 26,000,000 acres; New Mexico, 1,550,000 acres; Oregon, 1,300,000 acres; Washington, 3,500,000 acres; Wyoming, 11,900,000 acres.

Large areas in Utah have also been designated under the special provision of section 6, of the act exempting from residence.

The lands are non-mineral, non-timbered, not susceptible of irrigation, and, because of insufficient rainfall, will not produce remunerative crops unless cultivated by some method such as "dry farming."

Residence must be established on the land by the entrymen within six months from date of filing, and be continued, together with cultivation and improvement of the land, for five years.

Capitalists Consider Big Irrigation Project

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 4.—A reorganization of the Shoshone River Canal Company, with the expenditure of $2,000,000 for the development of the Oregon basin reservoir project, abandoned some years ago, is being considered by capitalists from Chicago, who are consulting with the state officials. It is proposed to reclaim 250,000 acres of land.

Note and Comment

It is rumored that Dr. Eliot is to get $10,000 a foot for editing that five-foot library.

Abdul Hamid's life is preserved in the hope he will tell where he hid that $200,000,000.

Many of those militant London suffragettes have husbands, but you don't hear so much about them.

The German chemist who is extracting fertilizer from the atmosphere could make a large fortune in Chicago.

A New York man offers a reward of $10,000 for a sure cure for his obesity. There's a weighty problem to solve.

The arrival of twins caused a Pennsylvania farmer to commit suicide. It was altogether "two" much of a good thing.

J. M. Barrie has politely declined to be knighted. It is too bad that Thomas Carlyle couldn't have lived to hear about it.

An optimist is the man who takes whatever weather is sent and decides that it is just what the farmers have been waiting for.

No one need be surprised to learn that there are grafters in Japan. There were doubtless grafters in the days of the cavemen.

The people of Germany spoiled a yachting trip for their devoted Emperor by kicking on their taxes. They deserve to have the Uhlans set on them.

The boy who was sentenced by the Chicago judge to read "David Copperfield" was in luck. He might have been condemned to read one of the best sellers.

John Burroughs gives it as his opinion that people stay in towns merely to make money. We had an idea that a good many of them remained in for the purpose of spending money.

A delinquent boy has been sentenced to read "David Copperfield." The way to make boys read Dickens is to sentence some of them not to read him. There is a lot of human nature in truant boys.

The California Supreme Court has affirmed a penitentiary sentence in the case of a millionaire. If all the technicalities have been exhausted by the lawyers in the defendant's behalf the chances are that he is an ex-millionaire.

An Englishman has shot a big white rhinoceros in territory that was recently hunted over by Roosevelt. The rhinoceros probably had reason to believe that it would be entirely safe after Roosevelt had passed to come out of its hiding place.

Theodore Roosevelt thinks great wealth and extreme poverty should both be abolished. The victims of extreme poverty will agree with him unanimously, but we don't believe the representatives of great wealth will wish to waste time for the purpose of taking a vote on the question.

A field of interesting, and perhaps profitable, invention is the production of an automobile horn that shall serve to warn effectively and yet shall be agreeable to the ear. One of the latest is an instrument that gives automatically the various bugle-calls. Heard in the mellow distance of country roads, the effect is a great improvement over the shrieking or raucous notes of some warning devices.

It is no exaggeration to say that American girls are allowed a greater degree of liberty now than their grandmothers were permitted to exercise in their recreations, in making acquaintances and in receiving attentions from men. There was never a time when girls needed more the counsels of parents, their wise and tender and vigilant care and guidance, than now. There was never a time when for their own good there was greater necessity than now for girls to surround themselves with the safeguards of discriminating exclusiveness, to make no friendships until they are satisfied that these associates are compatible with the purest and highest standards of womanhood.

In commenting on the pension of $2.50 a week which has been granted by the British government to each of the four granddaughters of Charles Dickens the New York World says that, although it is a mere pittance, it furnishes no basis for an indictment of the British public on the score of a lack of generosity to the descendants of its great men. Because society is under obligations to genius is no reason why it should assume the support of the posterity of genius, and "the children of poets and men of letters have no more claim on its bounty than the children of statesmen, inventors, explorers or journalists. Possibly the claim may have been asserted and recognized in divers classes of cases, and in any event the question can hardly be affected by the amount of the pension. A pittance would offend against principle just as clearly as a large annuity. Probably, however, the British public is not worrying much over the action of the government, and the interest of the news lies in certain curious contrasts that it calls to mind. Not only did Dickens receive a princely income, as the World says, but he was a good business man, so that it was not surprising that he left a large fortune. We judge, moreover, that all his descendants now living have not felt an urgent need of pensions. There are well-to-do members of the family, and it is a fact also that, while others appear to be in want, Dickens' name is still invoked in aid of charity. The author lives not only in his books, but in the Dickens Fellowship and in a monthly magazine that contains a record of its meetings and new contributions to the literature concerning Dickens. He thus continues to act through many enthusiastic followers, who look upon him as guide, philosopher and friend, and this makes it seem the more strange that those of his own blood, his direct descendants, should be seeking help.

Two burglars found in a residence in Flatbush, N. Y., in the early morning were cornered as they made an attempt to escape. The son of the householder grappled with one of the housebreakers, who at once shot. The bullet grazed the young man and struck his mother. The burglar wrenched himself free and with his companion ran from the house, one of the two being shot by the son as they made their escape. The mother is dead, one housebreaker is in the hospital and the other in jail. The one who has confessed that he killed the woman and who knows that his life will be required by the law in punishment has made the following statement: "Mr. Staber and his sons are the ones to be blamed for this killing. They were fools to try to stop such men as we when all we wanted was to make a get-away. If we had been left alone there would not have been any shooting." The impulse of the average man is to defend his home as did young Staber. If it were otherwise burglary would be more popular as a means of livelihood than it is, but there is truth in the housebreaker's statement. The courage of the man who, unarmed, attacks intruders whom he must know to be armed and desperate cannot be questioned, but frequently his discretion can. A household awakened to the knowledge that burglars are packing off their valuables cannot be expected to remember all the advice which should govern in such emergencies, but many times it will be profitable to remember that an indiscreet attack may cause more serious loss than that of property. The "professional" burglar, if discovered, has but one desire. That is to make his escape with as much of the property as he can carry without delaying his departure and without hampering his movements, and to make it with as little trouble as possible. He will not add willingly to the seriousness of his offense by shooting. This is not because he is a humanitarian but because he has no wish to increase his crimes and the penalties. His chances of escape diminish as the gravity of his offense increases. The householder's courage will not be questioned if he protects his property without exposing himself uselessly in an unequal conflict.

Outgrew the Newspapers.

A member of a publishing house is telling a story which he says goes to show that the spread of the popular novel is constantly increasing.

He was on his way from Pawtucket, R. I., to East Attleboro, Mass., by trolley and stopped off at the little village store at South Attleboro to get a nibble of crackers and cheese at noon, says the New York Sun.

The usual rural characters were about the counter. He got into conversation with some of them and was interested to know how their political ideas ran. He sounded them along various lines and at last came to an old farmer who was sitting on a sugar barrel waiting for the mail.

"Think they're going to make a good job of the tariff?" he asked.

"What they doin' to it?" was the astonishing reply.

"Why, revising it, of course. Don't you read the papers?" said the publisher.

"Wal, I used to," said the farmer, "but 'bout a year ago I stopped 'em off. They got to be too frivolin' f' me. Since then I've been tuck up readin' a book."

Trouble in the Royal Palace.

The Shakespeare Club of New Orleans used to give amateur theatrical performances that were distinguished for the local prominence of the actors. Once a social celebrity with a gorgeous costume, as one of the lords in waiting, had only four words to say: "The queen has swooned." As he stepped forward, his friends applauded vociferously. Bowing his thanks, he faced the king and said, in a very high-pitched voice, "The swoon has queened."

There was a roar of laughter; but he waited patiently, and made another attempt:

"The sween has cooned."

Again the walls trembled and the stage manager said, in a voice which could be heard all over the house, "Come off, you doggoned fool!"

But the ambitious amateur refused to surrender, and in a rasping falsetto, as he was assisted off the stage, he screamed: "The coon has sweened."—Success Magazine.

One of the most disgusting things about human nature is the ease with which friends become enemies.

The White House

"Always has it for less."

WE ARE EXTENDING
OUR

SPECIAL REDUCTION SALE

OF RIBBONS

for one week more so that all the school children may get their hair ribbons for the school season just commenced.

We have some of the very prettiest

SCHOOL HATS

at prices that will astonish you, from 15c up. When we sell out our immense stock of hats you will never have the chance to get hats so cheap again in this city.

We have just received a fine line of

LADIES SWEATERS

that we are going to sell out quick. They sell elsewhere for 2.75 to 3.00. Our price

$2.25

We are selling all our

WHITE LINEN SKIRTS
AT COST PRICES

UNDERWEAR

2.00 Ladies All Wool Union Suits at Special Sale price,

$1.65

1.15 Ladies All Wool Separate Garments, our special sale price,

$1.00

We are having a big sale on our

GINGHAMS, PERCALES, CALICOS, ETC.,

at our special sale prices and it will pay you to get our prices after you have priced goods in Seattle and elsewhere for we "always have it for less."

Remember you can always get the latest styles and shapes

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS

at the

THE WHITE HOUSE DRY GOODS CO.

and "Always has it for less."

Port Angeles, Wash.

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 10, 1909

Inquiries sent broadcast show that all communities in the Northwest want factories. This is a good sign and shows that each municipality is alive to the importance of local industry. The slogan, "Buy Home-made Goods," is being adopted everywhere and it will prove to be one of the best factory stimulators ever conceived. Manufacturers looking for new sites will prefer those localities where they are certain of home support. Governor M. E. Hay, in approving of the Made-in-Washington campaign inaugurated recently, recalled an Abraham Lincoln story, according to which the great emancipator is credited with saying that it is always best to keep as much money in your own family as possible so as to have it in case of an emergency. If the present energy to obtain more factories is continued during the next decade, there is no reason why the Northwest will not become the center of as many industries as are found in New England today.

Bothell, on the shores of Lake Washington, appears to be the one oasis in the desert, so far as saloon men are concerned. It is the first community to reject the local option program of no license in the state of Washington. At the recent election, there was an excess of three votes for saloons, and the dispensers of the oil of joy celebrated by giving away beer free of charge to all comers. As it stands now, No License has carried in four cities. Colville is the next to vote on the proposition and the outcome is awaited with much interest.

Port Angeles Day at the Exposition comes September 29th, two weeks from next Wednesday. Is there anything being done to make the day a success and a credit to the people of Port Angeles, or are they going to let the day go by default, which has practically been the case insofar as Clallam county's exhibit is concerned. The large chunk of Clallam Bay coal on exhibition, with a few huge shingles leaning up against it, the latter labeled Jefferson county, is certainly no credit to Clallam. Under existing conditions is it possible for one to tell where the Jefferson county exhibit ends and the Clallam exhibit begins?

At any time when visiting the agricultural building, wherein are displayed the various county exhibits, has a resident of Port Angeles been particularly proud of the Clallam county exhibit? Has it compared favorably with other county exhibits? If not, why not? The tax payers must put up fifteen hundred dollars for the show!

It has been suggested that the present Clallam county exhibit be replaced by the large five by nine foot oil painting of Port Angeles city and harbor, which has graced the walls of the county treasurer's office so long, on Port Angeles Day. The painting is a beauty, its original cost to the city being something like $500, and it would at least attract attention and be a credit to the county, something that can not be said of the present exhibit. By all means let those who have the matter in charge see to it that Clallam county is properly represented at the Exposition on Port Angeles Day. In fact everybody should "get in and dig" for Port Angeles Day. The steamboat company can be relied upon to furnish proper service and low rates for the occasion.

The September issue of the Pacific Northwest Commerce, the monthly magazine published by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, for the exploitation of this section of the country, is the best number to date. It features the participation of the Japanese government at the A.-Y.-P.-E. and the coming of the Mikado's trade experts. Tacoma's industrial development is discussed by Louis Pratt and Jacob Furth talks about the future of the Northwest and Seattle. Joel Shomaker contributes an exceptionally interesting article on "Possibilities of Small Farms in Western Washington," and S. L. Lancester writes on the "Benefits of Better Roads." Throughout, the magazine is profusely illustrated, giving a good idea of the prosperity of the wonderful Northwest.

C. F. Adams, principal owner of the Washington Mill Company's Hadlock lumber property, made the statement at Port Townsend last Saturday, that the big mill plant would resume operations, after an idleness of nearly two years, as soon as it could be overhauled and placed in condition. Mr. Adams comes from San Francisco and states that prospects for the immediate future with lumber justifies his plans. The further announcement is made that the by-products plant in connection with the Hadlock mill, which has been building a year, will be ready and operating within sixty days. Both properties will give employment to 250 men.

A Port Angeles special to the P.-I. describes the ball game here Sunday concisely as follows:—In an exciting game the El Sidelos defeated the locals here by a score of 5 to 3. The locals had everything their own way up to the sixth when the score stood 3 to 0 in their favor. In this inning, Ladd who had made a single, was sent home by a hard line driven by Speidel, which placed him on third and he went home on an error by Bayton. The visitors made another in the seventh and two more in the eighth. The locals made theirs in the fourth and fifth. Soldier Chambers outpitched the visitor's twirler but his support was poor, especially at short.

Dr. Abernethy, the great English physicsan, said, "Watch your kidneys. When they are affected, life is in danger." Foley's Kidney Remedy makes healthy kidneys, corrects urinary irregularities, and tones up the whole system. W. J. Mathewson's Drug Store.

WILL TRY OLYMPUS AGAIN

Visiting Mountaineers State Such to Be Present Intention of Club.

Dr. C. S. Eaton and R. W. Raymond of Seattle, members of the Mountaineers, spent two days this week with E. B. and Miss Mae Webster at their camp on the summit of Mt. Angeles, the Doctor, who is an enthusiastic botanist, adding a number of rare species to her herbarium, while Mr. Raymond secured some fifty views of the mountain peaks and scenery.

This was the Doctor's second visit to Mt. Angeles and though, as a member of various Alpine clubs, she has made the ascent of most of the well known volcanic peaks of the Pacific Coast, as well as our own Mt. Olympus, she emphatically states that there are none to compare with Angeles, both in its own attractions and in the scenic beauty of the surrounding country. It must, however, be remembered that in the coast range of the Olympics are found a number of varieties of flowers peculiar thereto—found nowhere else in the state and, so far as known, nowhere else in the world—which fact would tend to prejudice a botanist in favor of Mt. Angeles. She also said, after reaching the summit of one of the pinnacles, that she had done some dangerous rock climbing on other peaks but had never before gotten into a place where he would have preferred to turn back. Mr. Raymond, though a little disappointed that he could not see the dome of the government building at the A.-Y.-P., as promised, and in which he, as head of the publicity department of the Exposition, was particularly interested, felt more than repaid by the beautiful view at sunset, the blood red orb sinking in a sea of fog far out in the Pacific, and tinting the snow caps of Baker, Olympus and the other high peaks, as well as the river of fog that had filled the straits and lower sound country both days.

As the Seattle Mountaineers are to attempt the ascent of Olympus again this year, and as the botanical members were either in the second party which actually made the ascent, or remained with it, owing to the unfortunate accident to Miss Bailey, and hence do not care to visit that section so soon again, it is now proposed that a party of ten or more of the flower lovers spend the two weeks on a trip to Mt. Angeles and surrounding country next summer.

Sportsmen's Headquarters

The most complete stock of guns and sporting goods in the city, selected by a member of the firm who, thru experience, is thoroly conversant with the needs of the sportsman and camper. A complete assortment of the latest models in carbines, rifles, repeating and double-barrelled shotguns, and revolvers. Hunting knives, camp axes, compasses, and all essentials. Everything in ammunition. And the prices are lower than the same goods are sold for in Seattle.

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

Attention, Sportsmen!

Given to Fishermen and Hunters Going to the Lakes and Upper Elwha.

We are taking four or five passengers to the lakes for $6.00, and to the Upper Elwha for $4.00 and we insure our passengers to have good and easy riding rigs and get there in time.

Gallagher & Kerkes,
Phone 24.

25c 50c $1.00

For your
Colds
and
Catarrh

so common this time of the year, use

OUR

Cough Cure
Cold Cure
Catarrh Remedy

Immediate relief.

25c 50c $1.00

MATHEWSON'S
DRUG STORE

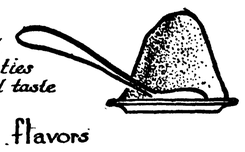
P. J. WILLIAMS
The Old Reliable
JEWELER
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

For Social and Home Events Serve

Glendale ICE CREAM

Because - Its Pure

It is always a welcome dish and it's delicious qualities emphasize the good taste of the hostess



All flavors

Sold exclusively by C. E. Nailor, Port Angeles.

CHRISTOPHERSON & LELAND
New & Second Hand Furniture

A New Line of the
HOUSEHOLD RANGES at $30
No. 8, 6 holes, nickel mounted, with full size warming oven, Duplex grate, either wood or coal burner.

New DRESSERS-:- a No. 1 hardwood with golden oak finish for $12 with a large size French Mirror

New and Second Hand Heaters, Ranges and Stoves, Furniture

NOTICE -:- NOTICE

TO THE PUBLIC

While the fight between the butchers of Seattle is going on, which greatly reduces the wholsale price of MEAT

GARRISON & RITCHIE

are going to give the people of Port Angeles the benefit of the price as long as the fight lasts

We are going to sell

Round Steak	12½c	Leg of Lamb	15c
Loin Steak	15c	Lamb Chops	15c
Pot Roast	10c	Lamb Stew	8c
Boiling Besf	7c	Weinies	12½c
Hamburg Steak	10c	Pork Sausage	12½c

We could make clothes

expressly for you here at home, but a local tailor shop today is impractical and unprofitable.

It has no labor market from which to secure desirable cutters and tailors—

It cannot afford to install a modern plant designed to reduce cost of production—

It doesn't do sufficient business to enable it to buy woolens direct from the mills—

It cannot keep abreast of metropolitan styles and workmanship.

Therefore, we send our orders for fine made-to-measure clothes to Ed. V. Price & Co., of Chicago.

We can take your measure the same way we would if running shops here, and furnish you your clothes, made as you want them, at 50% less than we could make them locally. Won't you call today?

CHAS. A. FILION
Representative, Next to Glendale Creamery, Port Angeles.

A New Line of

SOUVENIR DISHES

With views of Angeles Harhor, Mountains and Lake Crescent painted on them

Also a fine of

SOUVENIR SHELLS

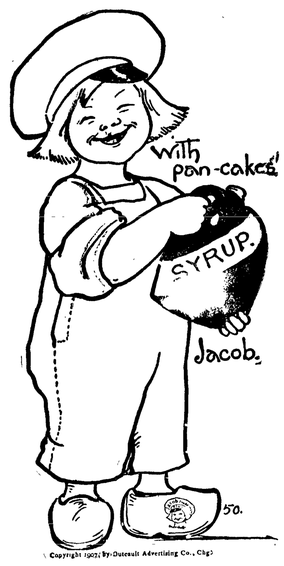
Do not let your eastern friends go home without a souvenir of our city

SEE OUR WINDOW

C. E. NAILOR

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST

Phone 41. Mail Orders Are Solicited



Port Angeles, Washington,
Sept. 10-09.

DEAR FRIEND:

We have nice cakes for breakfast every morning since we found some nice syrup to put on them. We must use a gallon every two weeks.

But its not expensive for we can get a whole gallon of Karo Syrup for 65 cts. and its the best too.

Your friend,
JACOB.

P. S. We have got out of the habit of going any other place for our groceries but

THE GATE CITY GROCERY
Phone 243

Chas. P. Donnell
CIVIL ENGINEER
Sequim, Wash.
Both Phones

Automobile & Electrical
-: SUPPLIES :-
Gas Engine Parts
SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED
R. M. TOLER

PALACE OF SWEETS

ICE CREAM

Fine Line of Crushed Fruits

CONES 5c

Everything in Fruits and Confectionery

McDONALD & GRAHAM

CITY NEWS

Bicycles for sale at Baker & Son's. $5.00 and up.

E. W. Merrill was an over Sunday Seattle visitor.

You'll like our Smoked Chinook Salmon. City Fish Market.

All kinds of brazing done. Call in and see us. Baker & Son.

Try our Salt Black Cod, the finest salt fish, City Fish Market.

For perfect vision get the Crystal Lense. Turkington, optician. 313 Front St.

Mr and Mrs. F. Schuler returned Saturday from a visit at the Exposition.

Mrs. A. A. Smith returned home Tuesday from her Denver visit. Mr. Smith met his wife in Seattle Sunday.

Dr. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Polhamus, E. E. Day and Warren Dodge were among the returning passengers Monday.

Harry Avery, who spent the past several months in our city with his brother, Rev. Avery, left the early week for California.

We have just received a stock of Ladies' Sweaters, in white, red and gray colors, come and see them at Kirschberg's, "on the corner."

For Sale—Six canary birds, good singers; will sell in pairs or single. Write for particulars. Address, Mrs. Chas. Welker, Clallam Bay, Wash. 6w

M. E. Barnes, who has been a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Luppen, the past three months, returned to his eastern home Tuesday.

Men's Holeproof Sox,
Cluett Peabody Shirts,
John B. Stetson Hats,
Classy Togs, at
Kirschberg's, "on the corner."

The W. C. T. U. will have a Gold Medal contest in the opera house Friday evening, September 17. Program to begin at 8:15. Admission 25 cents for adults and 10 cents for children.

When in want of anything in the fresh or salt meat line, just drop into James Fitzgerald's shop, the Bell building, on Front street. Our motto is, the best of meats and courteous attention to the wants of our customers.

Rev. Avery, pastor of the Lincoln Height's M. E. Church for the past two years, preached a farewell sermon to his congregation on Sunday, the close of the Conference year. Rev. Avery goes to Salem, Oregon, to take a theological course.

Dave Christopher says he put in a strenuous day in Seattle last Friday. Besides being in a bloodless but somewhat exciting electric car wreck, he was an eye witness to two or three serious auto accidents. Dave says that city life is too swift for him.

Louis Hucke left Wednesday on a a trip to the Fatherland, expecting to absent some five months. This will be Mr. Hucke's first visit to Germany since coming to America twenty-seven years ago. He expects to find many changes at the old home at Westphalen, when he visits his two sisters. May he have a pleasant voyage and safe return.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Luppen have been enjoying a visit from their son, L. B. Luppen of Sacramento, this week. L. B. is state mechanical engineer for Califiornia and had but a week's vacation, but he managed, nevertheless, to see considerable of this northwestern country during his four day's stay. Starting early Monday morning, in fact at 12:01 a. m., and accompanied by his father and Rev. Rogers as rear guard, he hit the trail for Haynes' cabin and Mt. Angeles, where the party spent a more or less strenuous day, returning home again by night fall.

Received this week a shipment of a complete line of comforters, blankets and pillows, which will be placed on sale ranging in prices: blankets, 65c up; comforters, 1.50 up. H. Gutenberg Furniture & Hardware Co

Norway Mackeral, 4 for 25c, City Fish Market.

Will those holding Mirror and Toilet set coupons please arrange for early sitting. Phone 74, Fulmer's Studio.

For Sale—A first class team of horses, weighing 3,200 lbs. Apply at south end of Peabody street, Port Angeles. John Donahue.

Robert Treby and wife, who spent some days visiting friends in Seattle, and in taking in the sights at the great exposition, returned home last Saturday.

For Sale—One Cow and two calves. Cow was fresh in March; now gives 6 quarts at a milking. One calf comes fresh in March, one last March calf.
J. W. Johnston, Elwha.

If your automobile or gasoline engine needs repairing go to the practical experienced man. We are head quarters for all kinds of repairing. Gate City Machine Shop.

The many friends of Mrs. A. E. Shaver will be pleased to know that she is rapidly convalescing, and that she expected to return to her home from the hospital yesterday or today.

A number of young people were very pleasantly entertained at the home of Charles J. and Miss Anna Filion on Tuesday evening. Dancing was the order of the evening and a lovely floor, good music and punch served in the cutest steins imaginable combined to make the hours pass quickly by. Later in the evening a delicius lunch was served.

S. I. Keys returned yesterday from a visit at the Fair.

Mrs. Belle Miller, after a pleasant summer visit here, has returned to Seattle.

Mrs. D. Kelley returned yesterday from a visit with friends and sightseeing at the Fair.

D. Fletcher arrived yesterday to look after business interests and to enjoy old-time friendships.

Rev. Hixson is in attendance upon the regular annual conference of the Methodist church, in session at Bellingham this week.

Miss Cecil Griswold, formerly of Port Angeles, was uniied in marriage last week to a prominent young man of Seattle

Deputy Auditor W. B. Smith, Chn. of the Rep. Co. Cen. Com., left yesterday for Tacoma to attend the Congressional convention at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Berstedt of Concrete, the new cement city in Skagit county, spent yesterday and today in the city, guests of the latter's uncles, B. T. Smith and A. J. Cosser.

Miss Cecil Smith returned Tuesday from Eagle Harbor and Seattle where she had been visiting for a month at the home of her aunt Mrs. Fairley. Mrs. Smith has gone to Skagit county to spend a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Jones, formerly Miss Annie Fowler, went up to Seattle Sunday to meet her husband and arrange for a home in that city. The family, including Miss Sarah Fowler, left Thursday morning for Seattle to remain.

Mrs. W. K. Clark and son Wendall returned Monday from a month's visit at Seattle, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred R. Thompson. Mr. Clark, who also took in the Fair for a few days, accompanied them home.

Roy McClinton has been appointed to a position in the office of Corporation Counsel Calhoun of Seattle. The office, which is an important one, was made vacate by the appointment of City Prosecuter DeBruler to a Federal position and Mr. Pierce to DeBruler's job.

A large shipment of Heaters, just in, will be placed upon our floors for your inspection. Prices will range from 1.50 up. We will have the largest and best assortment in the city; will be sold at the lowest possible prices. If you are in need of a good heater call in and see. H. Gutenberg Hardware & Furniture Co.

$2.00 FOR A BOX OF SIX PAIRS.

Ladies' Hole Proof Hosiery—guaranteed for six months — are now on sale at Kirschberg's, "on the corner."

FOR SALE.

One set double work harness, price, 15.00. J. E. Beam.

The Port Angeles Grocery Co.
Carries a complete stock of Flour, Feed, and Groceries.

Centennial Best and Ideal Flour
Try it and you will use no other.
$1.50 per Sack

Quality rather than Quantity for the same price
Our aim is to find the best and then keep it in stock

For your Grass Seeds give us a trial. Prices are right
Nothing but the best grade and new seeds

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.

Flour is Cheaper

"Davis Best"
$1.50 per Sack

This is the best Flour on the market and excelled only by the

Holly Flour
$1.50 per Sack

We will have special prices on all Grain soon, reducing the price at least 10 per cent.

Our Meat Market
Is still putting out the best Of meats and the prices are always right

Bread

Mr. POOLE wishes to state that his Bakery will be closed for a short time and that all of customers will be supplied at

E. W. MERRILL & CO
"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"

THE Candy Castle
2 West Front Street
ICE CREAM
The Very Finest
Cones 5 cts.
HANNAH DONAHUE
Proprietress.

China CURIOS WARES SILKS

Tea & Coffee

Bamboo Furniture
Book Cases
Music Stands
Center Tables

Hong, Young Co.
Ling Toy, Manager.
Phone 25.

For Sale—A good cow, will be fresh last of August; 2 wagons.
H. Shomer, Phone X99.

LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

City Property
Timber Lands
Ranches

Summer Homes on Scenic Lake Crescent

Cor. Front and Laurel,
Port Angeles, Wash.

A. D. Willson. C. E. Fulmer
WILLSON & FULMER
EMBALMERS
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Telephones:
Willson 84. Office L. 74 Fulmer 74

Ways of Women

Wisdom and Innocence.

Some women have singularly airy ideas about banking accounts. There are even mature dames who do not know how to write a check. This failure to comprehend business is essentially old fashioned. The typical man of old prided himself on not allowing his wife any knowledge of affairs, so that, when he died she was confronted with a sea of complications which she did not know how to navigate, or else two unfortunate trustees were tacked on to the helpless ship in the guise of pilots and told to steer it into the port of safety.

Yet the situation, if absurd, was illogical, for you can not reasonably insist on your wife and daughter having at once the innocence of the dove and the wisdom of a serpent. Women should be allowed some knowledge of family business, or they should not be blamed when things go wrong.

The big crin hats, turned up at the side and trimmed with feathers, promise to be the ultra-smart millinery style for the summer, both in the black and the pure white.

Ideal summer hats are made of linen or Shantung silk to match the gowns with which they will be worn. The favorite shapes are those which have fairly high crowns and wide, shady brims, lined underneath with some contrasting tint and draped with a soft silk scarf, patterned with Paisley colorings.

More of what are known as "made hats" are being worn this season than for several years past. These are not confined to the dressy type, but round hats of the street and tailor made variety are fashioned of straw braid, sewed on a wire frame. While they are much heavier than the woven straws worn at present, they are more apt to keep their shape.

The round crowned, drooping brimmed mushroom hat of the babies grown to more imposing size is one of the most popular shapes for the girls from 6 to 10 and varies in width and angle of brim and in trimming. Many of the play hats in this shape have only a ribbon band and fluttering ends for trimming, but others are more elaborately trimmed.

Health and Beauty Hints.

Deep breathing has much to do with having a good figure. If the chest is flat and contracted, as must be if the lungs are not filled, a woman cannot make a good appearance.

The temperature of a heated bedroom on a hot summer night can be cooled if sheets are wrung out of water and hung between two windows. The evaporation will cause the temperature to fall several degrees.

Headache caused by fatigue or eyestrain can often be quickly cured if a wet cloth is lightly sprinkled with spirits of menthol and bound around the head. Lie down in a dark room and inhale the fumes. It brings relief almost instantly.

To make cucumber cold cream take juice of pressed cucumbers, one-half pint; deodorized alcohol, one and one half ounces; sweet almond oil, three and one-half ounces; shaping cream, one dram, and blanched almonds, one and three-quarter drams.

Scented milk for the skin is recommended by those who study beauty scientifically. The milk must be boiled and then a few drops of violet water added. The fluid must be rubbed into face, neck and arms thoroughly and permitted to dry. Then the rubbing must be renewed. To steam the face with hot milk makes it soft and white as an infant's.

Ring Information.

"Rings should be chosen with discretion," says a woman who has made a study of the subject. "Few women, for instance, can wear a large solitaire diamond ring, which requires as a background the whitest of dimpled hands. The antique, old Venetian and marquise rings look best on thin hands with bony fingers, the sunken places below the enlarged knuckles requiring to be filled out with rings of a showy type."

Unusual are some of the French cheviots which show the Homan stripe effect.

A tablet has lately been placed in St. Helen's, Bishopgate, England, in memory of an old nurse, thirty-nine years in the service of the Wigram household.

A savings-bank account, with an opening deposit of 1 mark, is presented by the municipality to every baby in Schoeneberg, the aristocratic suburb of Berlin.

Mrs. Frank H. Snow, widow of the late chancellor of Kansas State University, has been granted a pension of $875 annually during her life from the Carnegie foundation.

Miss Paulina Roach, 18 years old, of Carthage, Mo., who graduated from the high school there, has a record of having never been absent or tardy during a school attendance of twelve years.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gerberding is president of the Woman's League of Justice in San Francisco, with 2,000 members, and she says women are to take an active part in the political campaign in that State.

Hygienic Dress.

On the subject of hygienic attire for women, there has always been a great deal of honest nonsense talked and much misspent trouble taken for the reason that a great number of people have the type of mind that irresistibly associates the ugly with the healthy and the nauseous with the wholesome.

Just as they think medicine cannot be efficacious unless it is thick and black and nasty, so they think women cannot breathe and prosper unless they look like a bale of hay with the middle hoop cut; and in pursuance of this conviction they refuse many of the alleviations of life, among which sugar-coated pills and well-made corsets should take high rank.

When looking at the portraits of the Spanish school of which Velasquez is master, one is constantly struck by the way the women seem to be confined in some barbaric instrument of torture, so flat are their chests and so narrow and tiny the uncomfortable-looking drawn-down waist. Surely no material less rigid than wood could be trusted to produce this invariable effect in women of all ages and degree. Now turn from these women of medieval days to a modern picture-gallery, and observe the freedom, the individuality, the graceful ease which, for the most part, the woman of to-day permits herself, and is permitted to contrast her with the woman of the by modern sanctions. Indeed, it is not necessary to contrast her with the woman of the middle ages. She is so much more comfortable and sensible in her dress than was her grandmother or even her mother.

So much has been done of late years to improve the corset that its reproach as a menace to health has, in fact, been wiped out. The best corsets no longer interfere with the breathing apparatus, and many modern corsets leave the diaphragm free and support and restrain as they should. With their help and provided that skirts are not too heavy and dragging from the hips, women are often better off with corsets than without them.—Youth's Companion.

Learned How to Pack Trunk.

"I have the man who came for my trunk to thank for one thing," said a woman; "hereafter I think closing my trunk will have less terror for me. You see, I always seem to have it so crowded that it requires the combined weight of several members of the household to close that cover. Well, the other day, when it was time to take my trunk to the station, there we were, three of us, trying to get that trunk closed and locked. Finally, in sheer despair, I looked at the man who was patiently waiting and in a most appealing way, invited him to sit down upon that trunk to see if he could close it. Did he do as I suggested? No—something better. He calmly lifted up the top of the trunk, took out the top tray and fitted it in the top of the cover; presto, that cover with the top tray inside, went down as nicely as could be. I am not trying to explain why it did, but I know that it did. And, like a missionary, I am passing the idea along."

Russian Blouse Coming?

It is rumored that long coats may have their popularity challenged in the near future by the Russian blouse, for signs are not lacking that this old favorite is again to be brought forward. Examples of it have already been seen in broderie Anglaise lace and embroidered crepe de chine.

Value of a Good Walk.

A woman who walks well is a more helpful member of society because she has better health, says the Delineator. She is alert and alive, and finds all the world interesting. Then, too, the woman who has learned to walk gracefully finds a reaction on her nervous system. A new calmness and self-control show in her manner and face, and even more in her voice, for those delicate muscles which we call the vocal chords vibrate in harmony with the movement of the indivdual. And, free from self-consciousness, the graceful woman expresses her best self, for her every motion suggests dignity, kindness, reserve power, sympathy, and that most charming of all womanly attributes, graciousness.

Unusual But Good Style.

Ultra, but good looking, is this gown of white voile, embroidered in red and blue cotton in design as shown in model. Voile covered buttons are profusely used, and the sleeves and blouse are of silk batiste and lace.

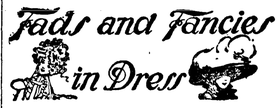
Only Woman Voter.

The "Widow Taft," an ancestress of the President, was the only woman in Massachusetts allowed to vote in colonial days.

Are Women Frail?

Fashion may be ruining women's figures, as Sculptor Caines says, but when in the history of civilization could any woman walk off with thirty pounds on her head and not even consider it exercise?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

WARM WEATHER FROCKS FOR CHILDREN.



Morning robes and teagowns are appearing without sleeves, except as they are made of contrasting material.

Foulards are made in such attractive designs this season that they can be used effectively in detached pieces.

Girdles will emphasize many gowns. The underarm seams are high and give smartness to the close-fitting sleeve.

Net is not used so much now as sheer batiste, finest tucked organdie and thin lawn, combined with fine Cluny or Irish lace.

A few years ago the little girl was dressed with numerous ruffles and so full were the skirts that a child dressed with all of the numerous ruffles looked for all the world like a fancy ruffled pen wiper. The dresses to-day are much straighter and the ruffles are not so full.

A pretty bordered foulard seen recently had a coarse-ribbed surface with a pattern of small groups of tiny dots on an ivory ground and a straight border of black on white, with touches of heron blue rhododendron purple, jade green and brownish purple, the effect being like that of a broad band of embroidery.

The Worth of a Woman.

Whatever the wage of the world may be
At the close of the toiling day,
For a task too slight for the world to see,
As it measures men's work for pay.

He is rich in the tribute of rarer lands
That reckon world's wage above—
In the touch of a woman who understands—
In the thought of a woman's love.
—Charlotte Louise Rudyard.

Falling Hair.

If you have dark hair and it seems to be coming out, cut off a slice of lemon and rub it in your scalp; it will stop that trouble promptly.

LET NOT LOVE GO, TOO.

Now the purple night is past,
Now the moon more faintly glows,
Dawn has through thy casement cast
Roses on thy breast, a rose.
Now the kisses are all done,
Now the world awakes anew;
Now the charmed hour is gone—
Let not love go, too.

When old winter, creeping nigh,
Sprinkles raven hair with white,
Dims the brightly glancing eye,
Laughs away the dancing light,
Roses may forget their sun,
Lilies may forget their dew,
Beauties perish, one by one—
Let not love go, too.

Palaces and towers of pride
Crumble year by year away;
Creeds, like robes, are laid aside;
Even our very tombs decay!
When the all-conquering moth and rust,
Gnaw the goodly garments through,
When the dust returns to dust,
Let not love go, too.

Kingdoms melt away like snow,
Gods are spent like wasting flames,
Hardly the new peoples know
Their divine, thrice - worshiped names!
At the last great hour of all,
When thou makest all things new,
Father, hear thy children call—
Let not love go, too.
—Alfred Noyes.

Morocco Bound

Mustapha Ali, kadi or chief of the tribesmen of Ben Hassan—robber and gentleman—sat in his spacious tent, sheltered from the glare of the tropical sun, slowly deciphering a letter that an envoy had just brought him from Rabat.

"'Tis well! He consents to pay the ransom for the girl. Two hundred pounds," he said aloud, when he had mastered the contents of the documen. "Bring the maiden to me, Mulai."

The turbaned Moor, who had been standing like an ebony statute awaiting his chief's commands, salaamed and withdrew, returning in a minute with a pretty, vivacious English girl of 18.

The tent was ill-lighted, and, coming from the brilliant sunshine, it

"HAS HE SENT THE MONEY FOR MY RANSOM?"

was a few seconds before the girl made out the figure of the Moorish chieftain seated on some cushions, smiling blandly upon her.

"Oh! you're there, Kaid," she said, when her eyes had grown accustomed to the gloom. Then, noticing the letter he held in his hand: "Ah, I see you've some news for me. You've heard from dad? Has he sent the money for my ransom?"

"No, but it is arranged. The governor of Rabat's headsman will be here at sundown with it, and then you will be free."

"What a pity," said the girl, with a sigh, sinking on to an old but gorgeous divan near Mustapha. "You seem in a terrible hurry to get rid of me."

"You prefer bondage?" The Kaid smiled. "Bismillah! Though an infidel, you are truly a woman."

"Yes. I prefer this bondage—if you can dignify my holiday here with such a name—to the real bondage my father wishes to impose on me—marriage. Marriage with a man I've never seen—just because he's a lord."

"You are not obedient to your father?" The Kaid frowned and shook his head. He did not approve of disobedience—in women. "If I were your father, I should——"

"If you were, that would put a different complexion on the matter," laughed the girl. "But you're not, Kaid, luckily—for you. Oh! I say, I suppose you thought yourself rather clever in capturing me, didn't you? Well, you weren't a bit. I got myself captured."

The chief of Ben Hassan smiled incredulously and shook his head.

"What, don't you believe me! It's true. Listen. The lordling was coming to Rabat on a visit to meet his prospective bride—me—you know. Well, I didn't want to see him, and I told dad so, and we had a row about it, and he said nasty things to me. Feeling desperate, and having heard you spoken of in Rabat as most gentlemanly, I determined to come to see you for a holiday. So, after inquiring the way, rode out to you, and here I am. But I did hope you'd keep me prisoner at least a fortnight. You're most inconsiderate. I've only been here three days, and now I'm to be sent back to Rabat, and shall have to meet that lordling after all. Can't you keep me a bit longer—till—till he's gone?"

"I fear that cannot be. I have sworn by Allah to deliver you up to-night, and——"

"Yes, yes, I know—you wouldn't mind robbing a man, or killing one for that matter, but you won't break your word. Well, I'll have to go, I suppose, but I won't marry that lordling. I'd marry a nigger sooner—or even you."

"That may not be. A true believer may not wed with an infidel, like you."

"Excuse me, you're the infidel, at least, so I've been taught to believe. But then every religion treats a rival like the pot does the kettle."

"And you are not fat enough to marry."

"Ah! I'd forgotten. You fatten your girls for marriage as we do our turkeys for Christmas. I shall have to look elsewhere for a husband."

"I have another captive—an Englishman, who is at your disposal. If you really want a husband."

"That's very kind of you, Kaid. Do you make a practice of giving men away? If so, I've a heap of spinster friends at home who'll be glad of an introduction to you. What's the man like—old and ugly?"

"No, he is young, but a most blasphemous infidel. He called our prophet a rotten impostor. I should have killed him on the spot, only your English government makes a great fuss about such matters. Still, he shall suffer—I will marry him to you."

The girl laughed heartily at the Moor's unconscious humor.

"You're really too cruel," she said. "No, I can't lend myself for such an awful chastisement. Besides, I don't want a husband, I only want an excuse for refusing the lordling. If I married your captive, he might want to follow me home. I'd like to see him, though. Where is he?"

The Kaid clapped his hands, an attendant entered, and the captive Englishman was sent for.

"Don't let him know I'm English, Kaid. Say I'm French," said the girl, arranging the mantilla she was wearing so that it partly hid her features.

"As you will," replied Mustapha, as the Englishman, his arms bound with stout cords, and struggling in the grip of three brawny Moors, was thrust roughly into the pavilion.

Half choking with suppressed rage at the treatment he received, the man strode across to where the Kaid was sitting, and, putting his face close to the Moor's, hissed out between his teeth:

"Look here, you Kaffir, if there's anything of the man about you, take off these cords and I'll fight you and any two others of your gang with any weapons you like."

"That's splendid," murmured the girl. Then, speaking aloud, with a foreign accent, she added: "Oh, monsieur, you say—a bad word before me."

"I beg your pardon, mademoiselle, I didn't see you. But this old rogue here would provoke a saint."

"I have found ze Kaid charmant."

"Have you? Well, you must have very queer taste." Then, turning to Mustapha, he demanded: "What have I been sent for now?"

"This Frankinsh maid has need of a husband. Will you wed her?"

"I?"

"If you agree, she will pay the ransom for your freedom," continued the wily Moor, with a leathery grin at his own astuteness.

"Eh?" exclaimed the girl sharply.

"It is but £50, my daughter."

"Oh!" And she nodded acquiescence.

The rites were performed according to the ritual of the church. A slight hitch occurred when the priest asked the bride her name. She at first declined to give it, then, finding she must do so, she said 'twas Julie Francaise.

"Es? Ah, capital!" cried the Englishman. "We'll make it an international union. My name's John Bull."

The priest smiled, but made no demur. He was to be well paid, and their real names were not his concern.

* * * * * * *

"And so you're going away to try to find her?"

"No. I thought of doing that several times before I met you. Now it's all changed." He came and leaned over her chair. "Oh, Nell, it's wrong, I know, to say it, but it will out. I love you. I love you as I never dreamed I could love a woman. So madly, so passionately, so vainly, too. Forgive me, Nell, I ought not to have told you. I'll go—good-bye." He turned abruptly from her chair and moved off quickly.

"Bob! Stop a minute. I've something to tell you," she cried, rising and going to him. "I've let you fall in love with me, when I knew all the time you were married. You can't escape from her, Bob; she has your signet ring, with your crest on it. What have you to identify her by?"

"Nothing."

"Kiss me, Bob."

She was facing him now; her right hand was on his shoulder; her happy, willful face, with pursed-up lips, was offering itself to him. She held her left hand before his eyes, and he saw upon the third finger his signet ring. "Here is my right to your kisses. See!"

"Why, it's—it's my ring, and you. Oh! my darling, you are my wife!"—Frederick Jarman in M. A. P.

WAGNER, GREAT BALL PLAYER

His Wonderful Name—Batted Over .300 for Eight Years.

John P. Wagner is the greatest man in baseball. That is his Christian name; his other name is "Honus," or "Hans." Wherever men and boys play baseball they know of Wagner. They have read and talked about him for years, and they are still talking about him.

Recently Wagner's name was flashed across the country. He stole second, third and home in a game on Sunday, and on Monday he got five hits out of six times up and stole three bases. On both days he did some wonderful fielding. Those things nave bobbed up in Wagner's baseball career many times during the last twelve years. But he has accomplished great things consistently, and the consistency with which he does things is what has kept the name of Wagner on the tongues of the men who play and the men and boys who follow baseball.

Other stars have appeared since Wagner began doing startling things. Great stars have been among them. Their nanse will live. But above all will be the name of Wagner—"Hans," of Pittsburg.

Wagner is above any other star of baseball's history. He does the things year in and year out that others do for a season or two or three. He is the same wonderful player at bat, on the bases and in the field.

For six seasons Wagner led the National League in hitting. His record:

1900	.380
1903	.355
1904	.349
1906	.339
1907	.350
1908	.354

In 1901 Wagner batted .352, and in 1902 his average was .329. The record of Wagner for 1905 was .363.

In 1900 he played in a Pittsburg uniform and he has been a Pirate since then. During his career in Pittsburg Wagner has played 1,606 games, been at the bat 6,125 times, scored 1,141 runs, secured 2,162 hits and stole 533 bases. His batting average for nine years of playing has been .351.

In 1897, 1898 and 1899 Wagner played with the Louisville club. In 1897 he hit .344, in 1898 .305 and in 1899 .358. For a dozen seasons he never hit below .305 and his best average was .380, made in the first year that he played with Pittsburg—1901. He played in 134 games that year, was at bat 528 times, scored 107 runs, got 201 hits and stole 36 bases.

Of popularity Wagner has plenty, and he bears more nicknames than any other man in baseball. Last year they gave him loving cups and good wishes and everything that men give one another to show gratitude for big things accomplished.

This year some men figured that Wagner would go back, start on the downward path physically, which course all men are bound to take at some stage of life. But Wagner has returned strong as ever, fielding brilliantly and batting and running bases wonderfully. He is as good right now as he ever was.

Wagner fields with much motion. There is nothing catlike or graceful about his movements. He is all motion—arms, hands, limbs, body, when he goes after a ball. But he gets there, just the same, and the public doesn't stop to consider how a man gets there, just so he arrives. Wagner arrives, nearly always, in time. If he does not it is never because of a lack of speed or a lack of judgment. The big Teuton is to-day as awkward as any man playing in the big leagues. Many of the chances he takes look to be impossible for one who works like he—but he gets there just the same.

Like the stars of the stage, Wagner comes while the stage is waiting. The other players are on the field; they have been warming up for an hour or so, but not with Wagner. As the umpire discovers that it is ten minutes before the time to call play, Wagner arrives at the ball park. He comes in a big automobile, his biggest hobby. He makes a dash for the clubhouse, climbs into his uniform and runs across the field, generally about the time the umpire is announcing the batteries for the afternoon's game.

One of His Father's Ways.

Mr. Jefferson had not been altogether an exemplary husband and father, but he possessed certain engaging qualities which secured him many friends and made his death the cause of sincere mourning to his widow. "Mis' Jeff'son, she's done broke up over Eb'nezer's being took off fr'm pneumony," said one of the neighbors.

"She sutt'nly is," said another. "Mournin' round de house all de time, she goes. Why, day befo' yist'day I was thar helpin' her, an' she only stop cryin' once, an' dat was to spank little Eben for takin' m'lasses out'n de jug right into his mouf, when her back was turned.

"When she'd spanked him good an' set him down, she say to me, 'He makes me t'ink ob his pa so much I cyant bear it!' and bus' right out cryin' agin!"

Alas! He Cannot Talk.

Opposition to scientific research is sure to end as soon as it is recognized that the end is good. Uncle Ezra's remark in the Washington Star is to the point on this subject.

"I don't see much use in de scientis' folks studyin' monkey talk," he said, "but a study of hoss talk dat 'ud let de animal tell all about hisse'f befo' a trade comes off 'ud save a heap o' hard feelings."

The doctor of divinity should believe in the faith cure.

PIMPLES

"I tried all kinds of blood remedies which failed to do me any good, but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and black-heads. After taking Cascarets they all left. I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel fine when I rise in the morning. Hope to have a chance to recommend Cascarets." Fred C. Witten, 76 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

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S. N. U. No. 37—1909

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

MAKING IT SQUARE.

The striking ability of the late Rev. James Robertson, D. D., for many years missionary superintendent in the Northwest Territories, to grip and hold individuals even while he rebuked them for their sins, often gave him entrance to a crowd or a community that otherwise would have been closed to him. There is a famous story of an encounter he had with a young cowboy in Fort McLeod, which the old-timers of that town love to tell and which Rev. Charles W. Gordon has incorporated in his recent "Life of James Robertson."

It was the superintendent's first visit to that part of the country. Coming by the Lethbridge stage, he made the acquaintance of the stage-driver, Jake, famous for his skill with the lines, famous also as a master of varied and picturesque profanity.

Later in the afternoon the superintendent was pinning up in the hotel office a notice of a service to be held on Sunday, the day following. A young fellow strode in, read the notice, glanced at the superintendent, and immediately broke forth into a volley of oaths.

The superintendent listened quietly till he had finished, then said, blandly:

"Is that the best you can do? You ought to hear Jake. You go to Jake He'll give you points."

The derisive laughter that followed completely quenched the crestfallen young man. In the evening the superintendent came upon him in the street, got into conversation with him found he was of Presbyterian extraction, that he had been well brought up, but in that wild land had fallen into evil ways.

"Come, now," said the superintendent, "own up you were trying to bluff me this afternoon, weren't you?"

"Well, I guess so," was the shamefaced reply. "But you held over me."

"Now look here," replied the superintendent, "you get me a good meeting to-morrow afternoon, and we'll call it square."

The young man promised, and next day's meeting proved him to be as good as his word.

The opinion is expressed very often that American children are impertinent, disobedient, notably lacking in respect for their elders and much in need of discipline. Comparisons are made to their disadvantage by persons who have traveled in foreign parts and are accepted as probably fair by others who have engaged in home study only. Added to this unofficial but widely accepted opinion, we now have a judgment based on an investigation of 1,000 schools in every part of the United States. Referring to this investigation, Clifford Webster Barnes said in his address before the National Education Association that nearly all the teachers who were engaged in it passed severe criticism upon the home and social life of American families so far as they had to do with the moral training of children. Homes of "the lower tier," where drunkenness, profanity and vice of every kind is common, are acting against every good work of the school. And "the homes of the well to do and the refined are not all the very best for the formation of noble and strong characters. There is too much of the namby-pamby discipline in such homes. The children act at their pleasure and place themselves on the same level as their parents." Manifestly little can be expected from a home of vice here or elsewhere. But it is equally obvious that the other homes should help the teacher both by their example and by direct encouragement. We make the assertion, however, without any great faith that there is to be a sudden revolution. For the encouragement certainly goes now to the forward child who advertises himself loudly at home and who is regarded as an injured innocent by his parents if he receives any correction at school. For both moral and mental training he requires a discipline from which he escapes, and he himself is, of course, the greatest loser by the namby-pamby method. If he is not thoroughly demoralized by it he is pretty apt to lament in after years that his childish whims and vanity were accepted as a substitute for rational government.

Egg Sandwiches.

Mash the yolks of hard-boiled eggs to a powder and moisten with olive oil and a few drops of vinegar. Work to a paste, add salt, pepper and French mustard to taste, with a drop or two of tabasco sauce. Now chop the whites of the eggs as fine as possible (or until they are a coarse powder) and mix them with the yolk paste. If more seasoning is necessary, add it before spreading the mixture upon sliced graham bread

A Mollifying Omission.

"Here is an eastern humorist who gets off the decrepit old gag about raising chickens in the hatchway of a vessel."

"Wow, is that so? Lemme see it. Oh, well, we'll have to forgive him this time."

"Why?"

"He's left out the egg scream—where the ship 'lays to,' you know."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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Secretary Wilson returned from a recent western trip with the conviction that his previous explanation of the upward trend of food prices is sound. He attributed the troubles of the consumer to the scarcity of farm labor, and he sees no reason to change that view. Thousands of fertile acres, he says, are lying idle in the far West because their owners cannot get "hands" at any rate of pay. American boys drift to the cities, while immigrants, even if from purely agricultural districts, are either unable or unwilling to do farm and field work, while many of those who try it prove to be incompetent owing to the different methods and the improved machinery employed here. Those who regard this theory as inadequate and who think that monopoly is not without considerable responsibility for the high prices of foodstuffs must admit that the scarcity of agricultural labor is a fact, and as such it at least partially accounts for the phenomenon in question. Hence it is highly desirable to continue and extend the work of the federal information division of the bureau of immigration, which has sought to promote the better distribution of immigration and has taken particular pains to direct the aliens to the western states or localities where the shortage of labor is greatest. There has been opposition to the activities of this division, and only the other day Secretary Nagel "turned down" a recommendation for its abolition. There is plenty of room for co-operation between the federal agency and state bureaus of labor and immigration. Secretary Wilson's explanation also emphasizes the need of scientific and practical teaching of agriculture in state colleges and special schools. A good deal has been written on the subject of late, and it certainly deserves all the attention it receives. The drift cityward can be checked by making agriculture profitable and attractive as a career. The liberal professions, we are constantly told, are overcrowded, and the average earnings in them too small to compensate for the time and labor spent in preparation and waiting. Agriculture is very far from being overcrowded, and the possibilities of intensive cultivation, of economy and improvement, are infinite in this country.

Begins Sooner.

Bacon—When a man marries, his troubles begin.

Egbert—Oh, well, with some fellows it begins as soon as they ask the girl's father.—Yonkers Statesman.

Swat the fly, but always leave one alive in the bedroom—it gets the family up in time for breakfast.

The people who think more of dogs than they do of their friends, discourage us.

When advising girls not to marry to excess, Mark Twain must have thought he was talking to a lot of future actresses.

FITS St. Vitas' Dance and Nervous Diseases Permanently Cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

If constantly increasing the navies is the only guaranty of peace, it becomes almost frightful to think of the price peace will cost fifty years from now

Orange Fool.

Peel five oranges. Cut into thin slices, pour over them a heaping cupful of sugar. Boil one pint of milk, add while boiling the yokes of three eggs, one tablespoonful of cornstarch made smooth with a little cold milk. Stir all the time. As soon as thickened, pour over the fruit. Beat the whites of eggs to a froth, add two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, pour over the custard and brown in the oven. Serve cold.

Blackberry Catsup.

Cover mashed berries with boiling water, simmer fifteen minutes, mash again and strain. Allow to each quart of juice a half-teaspoonful each mace, cinnamon, pepper and white mustard. Cook down to about a quarter of the original quantity, add pure white wine or cider vinegar to make strength and consistency required, bottle and seal while hot.

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of absurdity. Constitutions should not even remotely sanction legal wanderings in that realm.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

There is some satisfaction in the knowledge that the Wright brothers are making oodles of money, but it is not gratifying to the national pride to reflect that they had to go abroad to obtain substantial recognition.

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Studying Music? Where? Send for catalogue—Piano, Violin, Cornet, Voice, Elocution. ARCADE BUILDING, SEATTLE, WASH.

DE LUXE OPTICAL CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURING. Geo. B. Campbell, Pres; Dr. C. H. Law, Mngr. 100 Arcade Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

CARSON HAIRDRESSING COLLEGE
Expert instructions in all branches. Hair dressing 15c, Manicuring 25c, Massage 25c, Shampoo 25c, Singe 25c. Girls wanted. Full course, $15.00. 1408 2d Ave., Denny Bldg.

"LADIES' HATTERS."
We block, dye, clean and trim straws and felts. Ostrich Feathers dyed, cleaned, curled and remade. 520-27 People's Savings Bank Building.

OSTRICH FEATHERS.
Only Exclusive Experts in City. Cleaning, Dyeing, Repairing. Worn feathers made up into willow plumes, pompons. Mrs. C. Moltman, 1408 2nd Ave.

MAKE OVER SHOP.
361 ARCADE BUILDING. Mail or bring us your old materials; have latest style hat made at small cost. Write description of style wanted.

KODAK AND PHOTO SUPPLIES.
Eastman Kodaks and Photo Supplies. Developing and printing by best photographers in city. Lowest prices. Most complete line of souvenirs in city.
FRANK B. WILSON, 220 & 318 Pike St.

Malthoid Roofing

R. P. Grant, a baker of Visalia, Cal., U. S. A., writes: "During the time I have used Malthoid Roofing, my bakery has been damaged by fire on four occasions, which was communicated from the outside. In none did the fire reach the interior through the roofing, although subjected to terrific heat. Through Malthoid's efficiency as a fire protector, I have been saved many thousands of dollars."

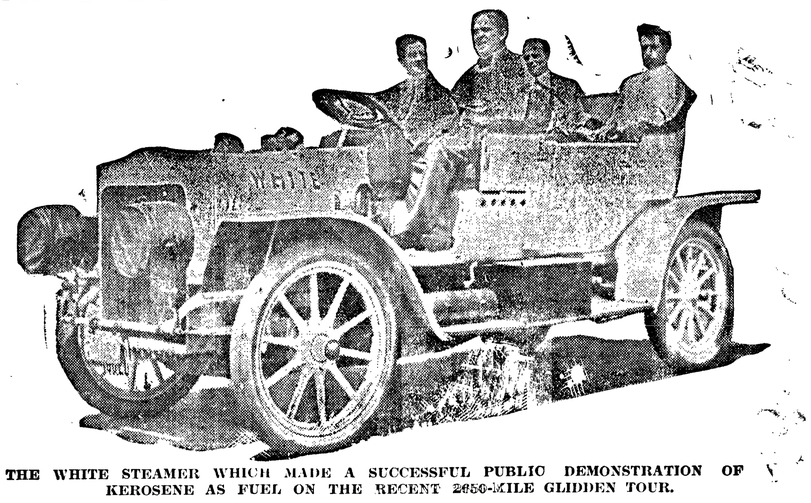
The Paraffine Paint Co. NEW YORK SAN FRANCISCO

Seattle Office 408 Occidental Ave. W. L. Rhoades

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 35c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wn.

White Steamers Use Kerosene as Fuel



THE WHITE STEAMER WHICH MADE A SUCCESSFUL PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION OF KEROSENE AS FUEL ON THE RECENT 2650-MILE GLIDDEN TOUR.

The most interesting announcement ever made in connection with the automobile industry was undoubtedly that made a month or two ago to the effect that the new models of the White Steam Cars could be run on kerosene, or coal oil, instead of gasoline. Everyone at once recognized that the use of the new fuel would add materially to the advantages which the White already possessed over other types of cars. There were some people, however, who were sceptical as to whether or not the new fuel could be used with complete success and, therefore, the makers of the White Car, the White Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, determined to make a public demonstration of the new fuel in the 1909 Glidden Tour.

From the standpoint of the public, no test more satisfactory could have been selected. First of all, the distance covered on the Glidden Tour, from Detroit to Denver and thence to Kansas City, was 2650 miles. This was certainly more than sufficient to bring out any weaknesses, if such had existed. Still more important was the fact that the car was at all times while on the road under the supervision of observers, named by those who entered other contesting cars. Therefore, it would have been impossible for the driver of the White to have even tightened a bolt without the fact being noted and a penalty inflicted. At night the cars were guarded by Pinkerton detectives and could not be approached by any one.

The complete success of the new fuel while on this 2650-mile public test and the advantages gained through its use were well described in the following dispatch which the correspondent of the New York Sun sent to his paper at the conclusion of the tour:

"A feature of the tour which was watched with special interest was that the White Steamer used kerosene, or 'coal oil,' as fuel instead of gasoline. The new fuel worked splendidly throughout the 2650-mile journey, and all claims made in its behalf were fully proven. First of all, as regards cheapness, the White driver secured kerosene all along the route from 6 cents to 10 cents cheaper per gallon than was paid for gasolene. Secondly, the new fuel was handled without any precautions, and it was not unusual to see kerosene being poured into the fuel tank while the crew of the car and an interested crowd stood by with lighted cigars and cigarettes. At the finish of the tour, the White was the only car permitted by the authorities to enter Convention Hall, where the technical examination took place, without draining its fuel tank. Thirdly, the new fuel proved to be absolutely without smoke or smell. Fourthly, kerosene could be purchased at whatever part of the route was most convenient, and not once during the trip through the ten States of the Middle West was there found a grocery store where kerosene was not readily and cheaply obtainable. Finally, the amount of fuel used on the trip showed that kerosene is at least fifteen per cent. more efficient, gallon for gallon, than gasoline. The car in other respects made a most creditable showing, and there was the usual rivalry among the observers to be assigned to the White so that they could ride with the maximum of comfort. The only adjustments or repairs charged against the car during the long trip were tightening a lubricator pipe and wiring a damaged mud guard. These penalties were not inflicted until more than 2000 miles had been completed with an absolutely perfect score."

A particularly interesting feature of the new White Steamer is that either kerosene or gasoline may be used as fuel. The necessary adjustments so that the fuel may be changed from kerosene to gasoline, or vice versa, may be made in a couple of minutes; but so completely successful has kerosene proven to be, that it is not believed that any purchasers will care to use gasoline.

The White Company report that the demands for their new steam cars—both the $2000-model and the $4000-model—exceed their most sanguine expectations. It is evident that the combination of steam—the power which everyone understands and has confidence in—with kerosene—the fuel which everyone has on hand and can handle without any danger—is thoroughly appreciated by up-to-date purchasers of automobiles.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye.—One 10c package colors Silk, Wool and Cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet how to dye, bleach and mix colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

E. E. HOPKINS
GROCERY CO.

Phone 33

For Grocery Prices

That will and have stood the true test — the verdict of a purchasing public— our store is ever in the lead. We have no baits. No price of an article at less than cost today, then up again tomorrow. Profit has GOT to be had, you know that. Fair profits and square dealing. The best goods, not cheap stuff put out as bait. On this basis we ask your trade.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK
Pay for the best and get it.

Harness & Saddlery SHOP

A complete line of

Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, All the different kinds Collars Harness Repairs and Various Trimmings

Repairing of all kinds neatly done and given Prmpt Attention

Chas. Brandt, Prop.
By the CITY SCALES

There are a hundred and one things

we do for people without remuneration. We do it cheerfully for our customers and would be glad to explain it you if you call in and see us at your convenience.

KEEP IN MIND

Citizens National Bank
Port Angeles, Wash.

Mrs. E. M. Rogers
Piano Instruction
Leschetizky Method
Telephone No. 62.

LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel, Visitors cordially invited.
J. R. Gallagher, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. Elliott, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O F. hall
J. D. McRoberts, N. G.
W. W. Garvin, Cor. Sec.
E. A. Prickett, V. G., R. N. Toler, P. S., Miles Wait, Treas.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets every Friday night in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.
J. B. Weiss, Consul.
H. Fathers, Clerk.

W. O. W. — Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets every third Saturday of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.
C. D. Harding, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk.

THE NEWS FROM SEQUIM

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Webster left Sunday for Illinois to visit Mr. Webster's people. They expect to be gone about three months. They will stop off at Denver and Kansas City, Kansas.

The school board have rented the Episcopal church for the school for this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Sprague, Mrs. Ray Maxey's father and mother, are here on a visit. Mrs. Sprague's mother and brother, Mrs. Robenson and son, left for the East Tuesday. Mr. Sprague will take care of the Robenson ranch while they are away and Mrs. Sprague will stay with her daughter, Mrs. Maxey. Mr. Robenson thinks they will be gone about four months

Sequim schools started Tuesday morning with four very competent teachers.

Mrs. H. J. Bugge's father and mother are spending the summer with her in her beautiful home at Washington Harbor.

A large party of Sequim people are on the mountains this week.

It is reported that the saw mill known as the Joe Keeler mill will start up soon. The timber cruisers are now here looking up the timber.

There is some talk of putting in an electric car line between Port Angeles and Port Townsend in the near future. It would be a grand thing for everybody.

Ed Gerrin is moving his saw mill to Happy Valley.

THE CITY NEWS

We do general vulcanizing on auto tires. Baker & Son.

See Bakers' stock of new and second hand furniture before buying. They can save you money.

Fresh Eastern Oysters, 75c per quart, at Fish Market.

Harry Knapman of Sequim was an Angeles visitor yesterday.

Denny O'Brien of the Clallam Coal Co. is in the city on business.

Al. Fairservice, the Clallam Bay merchant, was here on business Wednesday.

Mrs. Thad. Wagner and daughter of Port Williams spent the early week in the city.

The Rosalie was here Sunday in place of theWhatcom the latter arriving later with 365 excursionists.

Among the passengers to Seattle Tuesday were T. T. Aldwell, P. J. Gorman and Mrs. Denny O'Brien.

Among yesterday's passengers to Seattle were Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bershelt, Mrs. and Mrs. B. Richter, Dean Fletcher and C. J. Farmer.

Mrs. Allie G. Fisk, Secretary and member of the Council of the National Organization of the Ladies of the G.A.R. and President of the Seattle Circle, and son Russell returned to Seattle Saturday after a ten days visit here as the guests of Mrs. W. F. McMahan at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. W. B. Smith. Mrs. McMahan accompanied them as far as Seattle on her way to join her husband at Hot Lake, Ore.

R. A. Muskett has a very interesting piece of poetry outside of the Times Clothing Mart. It means war is brewing on the clothing merchant. If a war breaks out, it means a great slaughter to the enemy. As the old song said, we've got the ship, we've got the men, and we've got the money too; in other words, we've got the stock, we've got the goods, and we've got the money too. Next week look out for the great war as we are preparing the ammuniton and the fighting equipment to stand off the enemy, which will be pretty strong, as it was with the war between Russia and Turkey when France and England had to step in and help them out.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Getchell were agreeably surprised by the arrival on Tuesday's boat of Rev. and Mrs. Wells, pastor of the Friends' Church of Portland, Ore. They are spending but one day with their companions of young folk day, as they were reared in the same neighborhood and were married there, and this is the first meeting in 23 years, which was happily spent. The visitors expressed themselves as being more than pleased with our country, it being their first visit to this section. They could spend but one day as their vacation was drawing to a close and it had taken longer to visit the Fair than they had expected, but wished to return soon for a more extensive visit and to become more acquainted with the promising northwest.

Next week will be placed on sale a large assortment of carpet samples, suitable for rugs. Will close them out cheap. We also received a large line of carpet samples to select your carpets from, ranging in price from 55c up, as well as a new shipment of Rugs, Art Squares and Linoleums at H. Gutenberg Hardware & Furniture Company.

KIRSCHBERG CLOTHING CO.
On the Busy Corner

Highest Quality
Is the Watchword in the Making of
Sorosis Petticoats

Cut from the finest of fabrics—made by seamstresses who are skilled in their profession—finished in a highly tailored manner, with every seam strapped or bound.

Every skirt cut on stylish lines, and every garment thoroughly inspected before it leaves the "Sorosis" Factory, to insure perfect workmanship throughout. That's why **"Sorosis" Petticoats** fit and wear as no other petticoat can or will.

In Mercerized Satteens, in Heatherbloom, and in Silk—colors as well as in black.

Ask to see them: Try one on.

FREE
A convenient skirt hanger with every Sorosis Petticoat.

Having had so many calls from our Lady Customers for the "SOROSIS" Underskirt we have just received a large shipment of them.
Prices range from $1.50 to $5 each

KIRSCHBERG CLOTHING CO.
On the Busy Corner

Notice of Tax Levy.

I, C. W. Fields, City Clerk of the City of Port Angeles, Washington, do hereby certify that the city council of said city at a special meeting held on the 6th day of September, 1909, adopted the following estimate of expenditures and revenues of said city for the year 1910.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENSES.

Salaries—	
Clerk	$ 840.00
Treasurer	300.00
City Attorney	360.00
Marshal	720.00
Special Police	280.00
Street Supt.	750.00
Engineer	500.00
Janitor	120.00
Miscellaneous—	
Water	798.00
Printing	300.00
Elections	300.00
Office Expenses—	
City Clerk	150.00
Treasurer	100.00
Mayor	5.00
Marshal	50.00
Engineer	100.00
Fire Department	300.00
Fire Apparatus	1500.00
Fuel	25.00
Street Work	3898.00
Total	$11,396.00

ESTIMATE OF REVENUES.

Liquor License (less 10 per cent)	$2430.00
Miscellaneous	200.00
Amount to be raised by taxation	8766.00
Total	$11,396.00
Municipal Bond Interest Dist. No. 1, (.0007)	$3339.70
Indebtedness Fund Dist. No. 1, (.0004)	1908.40
Indebtedness Fund Dist. No. 2, (.0002)	799.00
Electric Light Bond Interest Dist. No. 1 and 2, (.0003)	2629.80

In accordance with the statute and law for such meeting, the city council will meet at the city hall on Monday, the 4th day of October, 1909, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of making the tax levy for the year 1910.

Given under my hand and seal this 8th day of September, 1909.
C. W. Fields,
City Clerk.

Among the former Angelesites and residents who visited us on the excursion from Seattle last Sunday are noted C. J. Farmer and son Fred, J. G. Madland, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Person, John Willson, Roy McClinton, Dr. Appleton, Sr., Mrs. Rouse, Miss Grace McKechnie. Mrs. Roy McClinton and son accompanied papa home on his return and Messrs. Day and Fred Poole took the steamer for Seattle.

Summons for Publication in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

No. .

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
Oro D. Hickok,, Plaintiff,
vs.
M. E. Coffin and H. W, Coffin, her husband, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an inter st in and to the real property hereinafter described, Defendants.

The State of Washington to M. E. Coffin and H. W. Coffin, her husband, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described:

You and each of you are hereby notified that Oro D. Hickok is the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbe ed 2950, issued on the 2nd day of June, 1909, by the County of Clallam, State of Washington, for the amount of Seventeen and 26-100 ($17.26) Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the years 1902. 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906 & 1907, together with penalty, interest and costs thereon, upon real property assessed to you and of which you are the owner or reputed owner, situated in said county, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Lot One (1), Section Twenty-four (24), Township Twenty-eight (28) North Range Fourteen (14) West of Willamette Meridian, and upon which she has paid taxes assessed against said property as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Receipt No.	Amt.
1908	June 2, 1909	3803	$1.62

all of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum; and you are further notified that she will apply to the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for said County, for a judgment foreclosing said lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due, together with costs; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered foreclosing the lien for said certificate of delinquency, taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned. Date of first publication August 6, 1909.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereafter mentioned.
ORO D. HICKOK,
Trumbull & Trumbull,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O Address, Port Angeles, County of Clallam, Washington.

Summons for Publication in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

No.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.
John Larkin, plaintiff
vs.
C. M. Nettleton, alias Clark M. Nettleton, Jane Doe Nettleton, his wife, and John Schneider, and all persons unknown, if any having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to C. M. Nettleton, alias Clark M. Nettleton, Jane Doe Nettleton, his wife, and John Schneider, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described.

You and each of you are hereby notified that
John Larkin
is the holder of certificate of delinquency numbered 1916, issued on the 1st day of December, 1906, by the county of Clallam, state of Washington, for the amount of Forty-nine [$49.00] Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the year 1905,
together with penalty, interest and costs thereon, upon real property assessed to you and of which you are the owner or reputed owner, situated in said county, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, in section seven, township thirty north, range nine west of the Willamette meridian.
and upon which I have paid taxes assessed as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Receipt No.	Amt.
1906	June 1, 1907	3323	$51.00
1907	October 10, 1908	4138	63.75
1908	June 2, 1909	3649	52.80

Total amount of taxes paid since date of certificate of delinquency, $167.55.
all of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum; and you are further notified that he will apply to the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for said county, for a judgment foreclosing his lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the the date of the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due, together with costs; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered foreclosing the lien for said certificate of delinquency, taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the land and premises hereinbefore mentioned. Date of first publication August 6, 1909.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereafter mentioned.
JOHN LARKIN.
Trumbull & Trumbull,
Plaintiff's attorney.
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington

NOTICE!

All trespassing, hunting, fishing and campfires on my homestead, se qr section 3, Township 29 north, range 5 west, W. M., is strictly prohibited from Aug. 20, 1909.
Port Angeles, Washington, Aug. 20th, 1909. Lauritz B. L. Carstens.

LOOK NEAT
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired. Dyeing done. Goods called for and delivered. Odd Fellows Hall building. Phone 224.
GARVIN SISTERS

JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street
Port Angeles, Wash

Notice of Settlement of Final Account and Distribution.

No. 395.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Levi H. Cays, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That Arthur W. Cays, administrator of the estate of Levi H. Cays, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, his final account as such administrator and his petition for distribution of said estate; and that Saturday, the 11th day of September, 1909, at 10 a. m., at the Court room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the final account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. Venable Smith, Commissioner of the said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court affixed this 12th day of August, 1909.

Horace White, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

Just a few bushels of wheat planted in the ground become many bushels of grain; so will the money you put in our bank from time to time become a large sum.

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County
Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

J. R. GALLAGHER **Phone 24** M. J. KERKES

GALLAGHER & KERKES TRANSFER CO.
Successor to Johnson Transfer Co.

LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES

Lincoln Street, Wharf, Port Angeles
Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.
Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL
E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4. Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

For Investments in
City and Suburban Real Estate
Farm and Timber Lands, apply to
JOHN CAIN

Owner of the following Choice Business and Residential Property:

BUSINESS PROPERTY

CAIN'S SUBDIVISION of Suburban Lots Nos. 17, 18 and 21.
E. C. Baker's Subdivision Lot 19 and Part of Doyle's Subdivision of Lot 20.
All situated between Second and Fourth Sts., and Eunice and Ennis Streets.
Also part of Williams & Cramer's, Hart & Cooke's, D. W. Morse's and P. S. C. Co.'s Subdivision of the Government Townsite of Port Angeles.
The Hotel Angeles is situated on Corner Block 3, Cain's Subdivision of 21; the Chicago Block will be built on the corner of Block 2.

400 CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

n Townsite, Cain & Mallette's 2nd Addition, facing on Broad way, starting at E St. and extending to G St.
280 Choice Lots in Illinois Investment Co.'s Subdivision, situated within one mile.

AGENTS

L. G. Campbell, Peoria, Ill.
Wm. C. Krauter, 6409 So. Halsted St., Chicago.
Casteele & Morrow, Geneseeo, Ill.

Our patrons are advised to beware of tax titles.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.